Bill No. <u>CS for CS for SB 360</u>

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576-2245B-05 Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Ways and Means

	Means	
1		A bill to be entitled
2		An act relating to infrastructure planning and
3		funding; amending s. 163.3164, F.S.; defining
4		the term "financial feasibility"; amending s.
5		163.3177, F.S.; revising requirements for the
6		capital improvements element of a comprehensive
7		plan; requiring a schedule of capital
8		improvements; providing a deadline for certain
9		amendments; providing an exception; providing
10		requirements for a local government that
11		prepares its own water supply analysis for
12		purposes of an element of the comprehensive
13		plan; authorizing planning for
14		multijurisdictional water supply facilities;
15		providing requirements for counties and
16		municipalities with respect to the public
17		school facilities element; requiring an
18		interlocal agreement; exempting certain
19		municipalities from such requirements;
20		requiring that the state land planning agency
21		establish a schedule for adopting and updating
22		the public school facilities element;
23		encouraging local governments to include a
24		community vision and an urban service boundary
25		component to their comprehensive plans;
26		prescribing taxing authority of local
27		governments doing so; repealing s. 163.31776,
28		F.S., relating to the public educational
29		facilities element; amending s. 163.31777,
30		F.S.; revising the requirements for the public
31		schools interlocal agreement to conform to
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1	changes made by the act; requiring the school
2	board to provide certain information to the
3	local government; amending s. 163.3180, F.S.;
4	revising requirements for concurrency;
5	providing for schools to be subject to
6	concurrency requirements; requiring that an
7	adequate water supply be available for new
8	development; revising requirements for
9	transportation facilities; requiring that
10	certain level-of-service standards established
11	by the Department of Transportation be
12	maintained; providing guidelines under which a
13	local government may grant an exception to the
14	comprehensive plan; revising criteria and
15	providing guidelines for transportation
16	concurrency exception areas; providing a
17	process to monitor de minimus impacts; revising
18	the requirements for a long-term transportation
19	concurrency management system; providing for a

requiring that school concurrency be established districtwide; providing certain 22

exceptions; authorizing a local government to 24 approve a development order if the developer

25 executes a commitment to mitigate the impacts

on public school facilities; providing 26

requirements for such proportionate-share

28 mitigation; revising requirements for

29 interlocal agreements with respect to public

30 school facilities; providing mitigation options

for transportation facilities; amending s.

long-term school concurrency management system;

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163.3184, F.S.; prescribing authority of local governments to adopt plan amendments after adopting community vision and an urban service boundary; providing for expedited plan amendment review under certain circumstances; revising agency review and challenge timeframes for certain amendments; amending s. 163.3191, F.S.; providing additional requirements for the evaluation and assessment of the comprehensive plan for counties and municipalities that do not have a public schools interlocal agreement; revising requirements for the evaluation and appraisal report; providing time limit for amendments relating to the report; amending s. 212.055, F.S.; revising permissible rates for charter county transit system surtax; revising methods for approving such a surtax; providing for a noncharter county to levy this surtax under certain circumstances; limiting the expenditure of the proceeds to a specified area under certain circumstances; revising methods for approving a local government infrastructure surtax; limiting the expenditure of the proceeds to a specified area under certain circumstances; revising a ceiling on rates of small county surtaxes; revising methods for approving a school capital outlay surtax; amending s. 206.41, F.S.; providing for annual adjustment of the ninth-cent fuel tax and local option fuel tax; amending s. 336.021, F.S.;

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limiting authority of a county to impose the ninth-cent fuel tax without adopting a community vision; amending s. 336.025, F.S.; limiting authority of a county to impose the local option fuel tax without adopting a community vision; revising methods for approving such a fuel tax; amending s. 339.135, F.S., relating to tentative work programs of the Department of Transportation; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; requiring the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to perform a study of the boundaries of specified state entities; requiring a report to the Legislature; creating s. 163.3247, F.S.; providing a popular name; providing legislative findings and intent; creating the Century Commission for certain purposes; providing for appointment of commission members; providing for terms; providing for meetings and votes of members; requiring members to serve without compensation; providing for per diem and travel expenses; providing powers and duties of the commission; requiring the creation of a joint select committee of the Legislature; providing purposes; requiring the Secretary of Community Affairs to select an executive director of the commission; requiring the Department of Community Affairs to provide staff for the commission; providing for other agency staff

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1	339.2819, F.S.; creating the Transportation
2	Regional Incentive Program within the
3	Department of Transportation; providing
4	matching funds for projects meeting certain
5	criteria; amending s. 337.107, F.S.; allowing
6	the inclusion of right-of-way services in
7	certain design-build contracts; amending s.
8	337.11, F.S.; allowing the Department of
9	Transportation to include right-of-way services
10	and design and construction into a single
11	contract; providing an exception; delaying
12	construction activities in certain
13	circumstances; amending s. 337.107, F.S.,
14	effective July 1, 2007; eliminating the
15	inclusion of right-of-way services as part of
16	design-build contracts under certain
17	circumstances; amending s. 337.11, F.S.,
18	effective July 1, 2007; allowing design and
19	construction phases to be combined for certain
20	projects; deleting an exception; amending s.
21	380.06, F.S.; providing exceptions; amending s.
22	1013.33, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes
23	made by the act; amending s. 206.46, F.S.;
24	increasing the threshold for maximum debt
25	service for transfers in the State
26	Transportation Trust Fund; amending s. 339.08,
27	F.S.; providing for expenditure of moneys in
28	the State Transportation Trust Fund; amending
29	s. 339.155, F.S.; providing for the development
30	of regional transportation plans in Regional
31	Transportation Areas; amending s. 339.175,

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1	F.S.; making conforming changes to provisions
2	of the act; amending s. 339.55, F.S.; providing
3	for loans for certain projects from the
4	state-funded infrastructure bank within the
5	Department of Transportation; amending s.
6	1013.64, F.S.; providing for the expenditure of
7	funds in the Public Education Capital Outlay
8	and Debt Service Trust Fund; amending s.
9	1013.65, F.S.; providing funding for the
10	Classrooms for Kids Program; amending s.
11	201.15, F.S.; providing for the expenditure of
12	certain funds in the Land Acquisition Trust
13	Fund; providing for appropriations for the
14	2005-2006 fiscal year on a nonrecurring basis
15	for certain purposes; providing effective
16	dates.
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18	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
19	
20	Section 1. Subsection (32) is added to section
21	163.3164, Florida Statutes, to read:
22	163.3164 Local Government Comprehensive Planning and
23	Land Development Regulation Act; definitions As used in this
24	act:
25	(32) "Financial feasibility" means that sufficient
26	revenues are currently available or will be available from
27	committed or planned funding sources available for financing
28	capital improvements, such as ad valorem taxes, bonds, state
29	and federal funds, tax revenues, impact fees, and developer
30	contributions, which are adequate to fund the projected costs

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- plan necessary to ensure that adopted level-of-service standards are achieved and maintained within the period covered by the 5-year schedule of capital improvements.
- Section 2. Subsections (2) and (3), paragraphs (a), (c), and (h) of subsection (6), and subsection (12) of section 163.3177, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (13) and (14) are added to that section, to read:
- 163.3177 Required and optional elements of comprehensive plan; studies and surveys.--
- (2) Coordination of the several elements of the local comprehensive plan shall be a major objective of the planning process. The several elements of the comprehensive plan shall be consistent, and the comprehensive plan shall be <u>financially</u> economically feasible. <u>Financial feasibility shall be</u> determined using professionally accepted methodologies.
- (3)(a) The comprehensive plan shall contain a capital improvements element designed to consider the need for and the location of public facilities in order to encourage the efficient utilization of such facilities and set forth:
- 1. A component which outlines principles for construction, extension, or increase in capacity of public facilities, as well as a component which outlines principles for correcting existing public facility deficiencies, which are necessary to implement the comprehensive plan. The components shall cover at least a 5-year period.
- 2. Estimated public facility costs, including a delineation of when facilities will be needed, the general location of the facilities, and projected revenue sources to fund the facilities.
- 30 3. Standards to ensure the availability of public
- 31 facilities and the adequacy of those facilities including 7 11:51 AM 04/25/05 80360c2p-wm00-c8g

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acceptable levels of service. 1

- 4. Standards for the management of debt.
- 3 5. A schedule of capital improvements which includes
- publicly funded projects, and which may include privately 4
- 5 funded projects for which the local government has no fiscal
- 6 responsibility, necessary to ensure that adopted
- 7 level-of-service standards are achieved and maintained. For
- capital improvements that will be funded by the developer,
- financial feasibility shall be demonstrated by being 9
- 10 guaranteed in an enforceable development agreement or
- interlocal agreement pursuant to paragraph (10)(h), or other 11
- enforceable agreement. These development agreements and 12
- interlocal agreements shall be reflected in the schedule of 13
- 14 capital improvements if the capital improvement is necessary
- to serve development within the 5-year schedule. If the local 15
- government uses planned revenue sources that require referenda 16
- or other actions to secure the revenue source, the plan must, 17
- in the event the referenda are not passed or actions do not 18
- secure the planned revenue source, identify other existing 19
- revenue sources that will be used to fund the capital projects 20
- 21 or otherwise amend the plan to ensure financial feasibility.
- 6. The schedule must include transportation 22
- 23 improvements included in the applicable metropolitan planning
- organization's transportation improvement program adopted 2.4
- 25 pursuant to s. 339.175(7) to the extent that such improvements
- are relied upon to ensure concurrency and financial 26
- feasibility. The schedule must also be coordinated with the 27
- 28 applicable metropolitan planning organization's long-range
- transportation plan adopted pursuant to s. 339.175(6). 29
- 30 (b)1. The capital improvements element shall be
- 31 reviewed on an annual basis and modified as necessary in

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1	accordance with s. 163.3187 or s. 163.3189 <u>in order to</u>
2	maintain a financially feasible 5-year schedule of capital
3	improvements., except that Corrections, updates, and
4	modifications concerning costs; revenue sources; or acceptance
5	of facilities pursuant to dedications which are consistent
6	with the plan; or the date of construction of any facility
7	enumerated in the capital improvements element may be
8	accomplished by ordinance and shall not be deemed to be
9	amendments to the local comprehensive plan. A copy of the
10	ordinance shall be transmitted to the state land planning
11	agency. An amendment to the comprehensive plan is required to
12	update the schedule on an annual basis or to eliminate, defer,
13	or delay the construction for any facility listed in the
14	5-year schedule. All public facilities shall be consistent
15	with the capital improvements element. Amendments to implement
16	this section must be adopted and transmitted no later than
17	December 1, 2007. Thereafter, a local government may not amend
18	its future land use map, except for plan amendments to meet
19	new requirements under this part and emergency amendments
20	pursuant to s. 163.3187(1)(a), after December 1, 2007, and
21	every year thereafter, unless and until the local government
22	has adopted the annual update and it has been transmitted to
23	the state land planning agency.
24	2. Capital improvements element amendments adopted
25	after the effective date of this act shall require only a
26	single public hearing before the governing board which shall
27	be an adoption hearing as described in s. 163.3184(7). Such
28	amendments are not subject to the requirements of s.
29	163.3184(3)-(6). Amendments to the 5-year schedule of
30	improvements adopted after the effective date of this act

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1	department finds an amendment pursuant to this subparagraph
2	not in compliance, the local government may challenge that
3	determination pursuant to s. 163.3184(10).
4	(c) If the local government does not adopt the
5	required annual update to the schedule of capital improvements
6	or the annual update is found not in compliance, the state
7	land planning agency must notify the Administration
8	Commission. A local government that has a demonstrated lack of
9	commitment to meeting its obligations identified in the
10	capital improvement element may be subject to sanctions by the
11	Administration Commission pursuant to s. 163.3184(11).
12	(d) If a local government adopts a long-term
13	concurrency management system pursuant to s. 163.3180(9), it
14	must also adopt a long-term capital improvements schedule
15	covering up to a 10-year or 15-year period, and must update
16	the long-term schedule annually. The long-term schedule of
17	capital improvements must be financially feasible.
18	(6) In addition to the requirements of subsections
19	(1)-(5) and (12), the comprehensive plan shall include the
20	following elements:
21	(a) A future land use plan element designating
22	proposed future general distribution, location, and extent of
23	the uses of land for residential uses, commercial uses,
24	industry, agriculture, recreation, conservation, education,
25	public buildings and grounds, other public facilities, and
26	other categories of the public and private uses of land.
27	Counties are encouraged to designate rural land stewardship
28	areas, pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (11)(d), as

31 include standards to be followed in the control and 10

29 overlays on the future land use map. Each future land use

30 category must be defined in terms of uses included, and must

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576-2245B-05 distribution of population densities and building and 1 structure intensities. The proposed distribution, location, 2 and extent of the various categories of land use shall be shown on a land use map or map series which shall be 4 supplemented by goals, policies, and measurable objectives. The future land use plan shall be based upon surveys, studies, 6 7 and data regarding the area, including the amount of land required to accommodate anticipated growth; the projected 8 9 population of the area; the character of undeveloped land; the 10 availability of water supplies, public facilities, and services; the need for redevelopment, including the renewal of 11 blighted areas and the elimination of nonconforming uses which 12 are inconsistent with the character of the community; the 13 14 compatibility of uses on lands adjacent to or closely 15 proximate to military installations; and, in rural communities, the need for job creation, capital investment, 16 and economic development that will strengthen and diversify 17 the community's economy. The future land use plan may 18 designate areas for future planned development use involving 19 20 combinations of types of uses for which special regulations 21 may be necessary to ensure development in accord with the principles and standards of the comprehensive plan and this 22 23 act. The future land use plan element shall include criteria to be used to achieve the compatibility of adjacent or closely 24 proximate lands with military installations. In addition, for 25

31 population of the rural community. The future land use plan of 11 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

economies, and shall not be limited solely by the projected

rural communities, the amount of land designated for future

that reflect the need for job creation, capital investment,

and the necessity to strengthen and diversify the local

planned industrial use shall be based upon surveys and studies

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a county may also designate areas for possible future 1 municipal incorporation. The land use maps or map series shall 2 generally identify and depict historic district boundaries and shall designate historically significant properties meriting 4 protection. The future land use element must clearly identify the land use categories in which public schools are an 6 7 allowable use. When delineating the land use categories in which public schools are an allowable use, a local government 9 shall include in the categories sufficient land proximate to 10 residential development to meet the projected needs for schools in coordination with public school boards and may 11 12 establish differing criteria for schools of different type or size. Each local government shall include lands contiguous to 13 14 existing school sites, to the maximum extent possible, within 15 the land use categories in which public schools are an allowable use. All comprehensive plans must comply with the 16 17 school siting requirements of this paragraph no later than 18 October 1, 1999. The failure by a local government to comply 19 with these school siting requirements by October 1, 1999, will 20 result in the prohibition of the local government's ability to amend the local comprehensive plan, except for plan amendments 21 described in s. 163.3187(1)(b), until the school siting 22 23 requirements are met. Amendments proposed by a local government for purposes of identifying the land use categories 24 in which public schools are an allowable use or for adopting 25 or amending the school-siting maps pursuant to s. 163.31776(3) 26 27 are exempt from the limitation on the frequency of plan 28 amendments contained in s. 163.3187. The future land use element shall include criteria that encourage the location of 29 schools proximate to urban residential areas to the extent

31 possible and shall require that the local government seek to 12 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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collocate public facilities, such as parks, libraries, and community centers, with schools to the extent possible and to encourage the use of elementary schools as focal points for neighborhoods. For schools serving predominantly rural counties, defined as a county with a population of 100,000 or fewer, an agricultural land use category shall be eligible for the location of public school facilities if the local comprehensive plan contains school siting criteria and the location is consistent with such criteria. Local governments required to update or amend their comprehensive plan to include criteria and address compatibility of adjacent or closely proximate lands with existing military installations in their future land use plan element shall transmit the update or amendment to the department by June 30, 2006.

(c) A general sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, potable water, and natural groundwater aquifer recharge element correlated to principles and guidelines for future land use, indicating ways to provide for future potable water, drainage, sanitary sewer, solid waste, and aquifer recharge protection requirements for the area. The element may be a detailed engineering plan including a topographic map depicting areas of prime groundwater recharge. The element shall describe the problems and needs and the general facilities that will be required for solution of the problems and needs. The element shall also include a topographic map depicting any areas adopted by a regional water management district as prime groundwater recharge areas for the Floridan or Biscayne aquifers, pursuant to s. 373.0395. These areas shall be given special consideration when the local government is engaged in zoning or considering future land use for said

31 designated areas. For areas served by septic tanks, soil 13

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1	surveys shall be provided which indicate the suitability of
2	soils for septic tanks. Within 18 months after the governing
3	board approves an updated regional water supply plan By
4	December 1, 2006, the element must incorporate the alternative
5	water supply project or projects selected by the local
6	government from those identified in the regional water supply
7	plan pursuant to s. 373.0361(2)(a) or proposed by the local
8	government under s. 373.0361(7)(b) consider the appropriate
9	water management district's regional water supply plan
10	approved pursuant to s. 373.0361. The element must identify
11	such alternative water supply projects and traditional water
12	supply projects and conservation and reuse necessary to meet
13	the water needs identified in s. 373.0361(2)(a) within the
14	local government's jurisdiction and include a work plan,
15	covering the comprehensive plan's established at least a
16	10-year planning period, for building <u>public</u> , <u>private</u> , <u>and</u>
17	regional water supply facilities, including development of
18	alternative water supplies, which that are identified in the
19	element as necessary to serve existing and new development and
20	for which the local government is responsible. The work plan
21	shall be updated, at a minimum, every 5 years within $\frac{18}{12}$
22	months after the governing board of a water management
23	district approves an updated regional water supply plan.
24	Amendments to incorporate the work plan do not count toward
25	the limitation on the frequency of adoption of amendments to
26	the comprehensive plan. Local governments, public and private
27	utilities, regional water supply authorities, special
28	districts, and water management districts are encouraged to
29	cooperatively plan for the development of multijurisdictional
30	water supply facilities that are sufficient to meet projected

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<u>development of alternative water sources to supplement</u>

traditional sources of ground and surface water supplies.

- (h)1. An intergovernmental coordination element showing relationships and stating principles and guidelines to be used in the accomplishment of coordination of the adopted comprehensive plan with the plans of school boards, regional water supply authorities, and other units of local government providing services but not having regulatory authority over the use of land, with the comprehensive plans of adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, or the region, with the state comprehensive plan and with the applicable regional water supply plan approved pursuant to s. 373.0361, as the case may require and as such adopted plans or plans in preparation may exist. This element of the local comprehensive plan shall demonstrate consideration of the particular effects of the local plan, when adopted, upon the development of adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, or the region, or upon the state comprehensive plan, as the case may require.
- a. The intergovernmental coordination element shall provide for procedures to identify and implement joint planning areas, especially for the purpose of annexation, municipal incorporation, and joint infrastructure service areas.
- b. The intergovernmental coordination element shall provide for recognition of campus master plans prepared pursuant to s. 1013.30.
- 28 c. The intergovernmental coordination element may
 29 provide for a voluntary dispute resolution process as
 30 established pursuant to s. 186.509 for bringing to closure in
- 31 a timely manner intergovernmental disputes. A local 15

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government may develop and use an alternative local dispute resolution process for this purpose.

- 2. The intergovernmental coordination element shall further state principles and guidelines to be used in the accomplishment of coordination of the adopted comprehensive plan with the plans of school boards and other units of local government providing facilities and services but not having regulatory authority over the use of land. In addition, the intergovernmental coordination element shall describe joint processes for collaborative planning and decisionmaking on population projections and public school siting, the location and extension of public facilities subject to concurrency, and siting facilities with countywide significance, including locally unwanted land uses whose nature and identity are established in an agreement. Within 1 year of adopting their intergovernmental coordination elements, each county, all the municipalities within that county, the district school board, and any unit of local government service providers in that county shall establish by interlocal or other formal agreement executed by all affected entities, the joint processes described in this subparagraph consistent with their adopted intergovernmental coordination elements.
- 3. To foster coordination between special districts and local general-purpose governments as local general-purpose governments implement local comprehensive plans, each independent special district must submit a public facilities report to the appropriate local government as required by s. 189.415.
- 4.a. Local governments adopting a public educational
 facilities element pursuant to s. 163.31776 must execute an
- 31 interlocal agreement with the district school board, the 16 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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- county, and nonexempt municipalities pursuant to s. 163.31777as defined by s. 163.31776(1), which includes the items listed 2 3 in s. 163.31777(2). The local government shall amend the intergovernmental coordination element to provide that 4 5 coordination between the local government and school board is pursuant to the agreement and shall state the obligations of 7 the local government under the agreement.
 - b. Plan amendments that comply with this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1).
- 5. The state land planning agency shall establish a schedule for phased completion and transmittal of plan 12 amendments to implement subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3. from all jurisdictions so as to accomplish their adoption by December 13 14 31, 1999. A local government may complete and transmit its 15 plan amendments to carry out these provisions prior to the scheduled date established by the state land planning agency. 16 17 The plan amendments are exempt from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1). 18
 - 6. By January 1, 2004, Any county having a population greater than 100,000, and the municipalities and special districts within that county, shall submit a report to the Department of Community Affairs which:
 - a. Identifies all existing or proposed interlocal service-delivery agreements regarding the following: education; sanitary sewer; public safety; solid waste; drainage; potable water; parks and recreation; and transportation facilities.
- 28 b. Identifies any deficits or duplication in the provision of services within its jurisdiction, whether capital 29 or operational. Upon request, the Department of Community
- 31 Affairs shall provide technical assistance to the local

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governments in identifying deficits or duplication.

- 7. Within 6 months after submission of the report, the Department of Community Affairs shall, through the appropriate regional planning council, coordinate a meeting of all local governments within the regional planning area to discuss the reports and potential strategies to remedy any identified deficiencies or duplications.
- 8. Each local government shall update its intergovernmental coordination element based upon the findings in the report submitted pursuant to subparagraph 6. The report may be used as supporting data and analysis for the intergovernmental coordination element.
- 9. By February 1, 2003, Representatives of municipalities, counties, and special districts shall provide to the Legislature recommended statutory changes for annexation, including any changes that address the delivery of local government services in areas planned for annexation.
- (12) A public school facilities element adopted to implement a school concurrency program shall meet the requirements of this subsection.
- (a) Each county and each municipality within the county, unless exempt or subject to a waiver, must adopt a consistent public school facilities element and enter the interlocal agreement pursuant to s. 163.31777. The state land planning agency may provide a waiver to a county and to the municipalities within the county if the capacity rate for all schools within the school district is no greater than 100 percent and the projected 5-year capital outlay full-time equivalent student growth rate is less than 10 percent. The state land planning agency may, at its discretion, allow for a

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1	be demonstrated that the capacity rate for that single school
2	is not greater than 105 percent. A municipality in a nonexempt
3	county is exempt if the municipality meets all of the
4	following criteria for having no significant impact on school
5	attendance:
6	1. The municipality has issued development orders for
7	fewer than 50 residential dwelling units during the preceding
8	5 years, or the municipality has generated fewer than 25
9	additional public school students during the preceding 5
10	years.
11	2. The municipality has not annexed new land during
12	the preceding 5 years in land use categories that permit
13	residential uses that will affect school attendance rates.
14	3. The municipality has no public schools located
15	within its boundaries.
16	$\frac{(b)(a)}{(a)}$ A public school facilities element shall be
17	based upon data and analyses that address, among other items,
18	how level-of-service standards will be achieved and
19	maintained. Such data and analyses must include, at a minimum,
20	such items as: the interlocal agreement adopted pursuant to s.
21	163.31777 and the 5-year school district facilities work
22	program adopted pursuant to s. 1013.35; the educational plant
23	survey prepared pursuant to s. 1013.31 and an existing
24	educational and ancillary plant map or map series; information
25	on existing development and development anticipated for the
26	next 5 years and the long-term planning period; an analysis of
27	problems and opportunities for existing schools and schools
28	anticipated in the future; an analysis of opportunities to
29	collocate future schools with other public facilities such as

31 need for supporting public facilities for existing and future 19 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

30 parks, libraries, and community centers; an analysis of the

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1	schools; an analysis of opportunities to locate schools to
2	serve as community focal points; projected future population
3	and associated demographics, including development patterns
4	year by year for the upcoming 5-year and long-term planning
5	periods; and anticipated educational and ancillary plants with
6	land area requirements.
7	(c)(b) The element shall contain one or more goals
8	which establish the long-term end toward which public school
9	programs and activities are ultimately directed.
10	$\frac{(d)}{(c)}$ The element shall contain one or more
11	objectives for each goal, setting specific, measurable,
12	intermediate ends that are achievable and mark progress toward
13	the goal.
14	(e)(d) The element shall contain one or more policies
15	for each objective which establish the way in which programs
16	and activities will be conducted to achieve an identified
17	goal.
18	$\frac{(f)}{(e)}$ The objectives and policies shall address items
19	such as:
20	1. The procedure for an annual update process;
21	2. The procedure for school site selection;
22	3. The procedure for school permitting;
23	4. Provision <u>for</u> of supporting infrastructure
24	necessary to support proposed schools, including potable
25	water, wastewater, drainage, solid waste, transportation, and
26	means by which to assure safe access to schools, including
27	sidewalks, bicycle paths, turn lanes, and signalization;
28	5. Provision for colocation of other public
29	facilities, such as parks, libraries, and community centers,
30	in proximity to public schools;

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1	residential areas and to complement patterns of development,
2	including the location of future school sites so they serve as
3	community focal points;
4	7. Measures to ensure compatibility of school sites
5	and surrounding land uses;
6	8. Coordination with adjacent local governments and
7	the school district on emergency preparedness issues,
8	including the use of public schools to serve as emergency
9	shelters; and
10	9. Coordination with the future land use element.
11	$\frac{(g)(f)}{f}$ The element shall include one or more future
12	conditions maps which depict the anticipated location of
13	educational and ancillary plants, including the general
14	location of improvements to existing schools or new schools
15	anticipated over the 5-year, or long-term planning period. The
16	maps will of necessity be general for the long-term planning
17	period and more specific for the 5-year period. Maps
18	indicating general locations of future schools or school
19	improvements may not prescribe a land use on a particular
20	parcel of land.
21	(h) The state land planning agency shall establish a
22	phased schedule for adoption of the public school facilities
23	element and the required updates to the public schools
24	interlocal agreement pursuant to s. 163.31777. The schedule
25	shall provide for each county and local government within the
26	county to adopt the element and update to the agreement no
27	later than December 1, 2008. Plan amendments to adopt a public
28	school facilities element are exempt from the provisions of s.
29	163.3187(1).
30	(i) Failure to adopt the public school facility

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1	required by subparagraph (6)(h)2. and 163.31777, or to amend
2	the comprehensive plan as necessary to implement school
3	concurrency, according to the phased schedule, shall result in
4	a local government being prohibited from adopting amendments
5	to the comprehensive plan which increase residential density
6	until the necessary amendments have been adopted and
7	transmitted to the state land planning agency.
8	(j) The state land planning agency may issue the
9	school board a notice to show cause why sanctions should not
10	be enforced for failure to enter into an approved interlocal
11	agreement as required by s. 163.31777 or for failure to
12	implement the provisions of this act relating to public school
13	concurrency. The school board may be subject to sanctions
14	imposed by the Administration Commission directing the
15	Department of Education to withhold from the district school
16	board an equivalent amount of funds for school construction
17	available pursuant to ss. 1013.65, 1013.68, 1013.70, and
18	1013.72.
19	(13) Local governments are encouraged to develop a
20	community vision that provides for sustainable growth,
21	recognizes its fiscal constraints, and protects its natural
22	resources. At the request of a local government, the
23	applicable regional planning council shall provide assistance
24	in the development of a community vision.
25	(a) As part of the process of developing a community
26	vision under this section, the local government must hold two
27	public meetings with at least one of those meetings before the
28	local planning agency. Before those public meetings, the local
29	government must hold at least one public workshop with
30	stakeholder groups such as neighborhood associations,

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1	housing and development interests, and environmental
2	organizations.
3	(b) The local government must, at a minimum, discuss
4	five of the following topics as part of the workshops and
5	public meetings required under paragraph (a):
6	1. Future growth in the area using population
7	forecasts from the Bureau of Economic and Business Research;
8	2. Priorities for economic development;
9	3. Preservation of open space, environmentally
10	sensitive lands, and agricultural lands;
11	4. Appropriate areas and standards for mixed-use
12	development;
13	5. Appropriate areas and standards for high-density
14	commercial and residential development;
15	6. Appropriate areas and standards for
16	economic-development opportunities and employment centers;
17	7. Provisions for adequate workforce housing;
18	8. An efficient, interconnected multimodal
19	transportation system; and
20	9. Opportunities to create land use patterns that
21	accommodate the issues listed in subparagraphs 18.
22	(c) As part of the workshops and public meetings, the
23	local government must discuss strategies for addressing the
24	topics discussed under paragraph (b), including:
25	1. Strategies to preserve open space and
26	environmentally sensitive lands, and to encourage a healthy
27	agricultural economy, including innovative planning and
28	development strategies, such as the transfer of development
29	rights;
30	2. Incentives for mixed-use development, including
31	increased height and intensity standards for buildings that 23

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provide residential use in combination with office or
commercial space;
3. Incentives for workforce housing;
4. Designation of an urban service boundary pursuant
to subsection (2); and
5. Strategies to provide mobility within the community
and to protect the Strategic Intermodal System, including the
development of a transportation corridor management plan under
<u>s. 337.273.</u>
(d) The community vision must reflect the community's
shared concept for growth and development of the community,
including visual representations depicting the desired
land-use patterns and character of the community during a
10-year planning timeframe. The community vision must also
take into consideration economic viability of the vision and
private property interests.
(e) After the workshops and public meetings required
under paragraph (a) are held, the local government may amend
its comprehensive plan to include the community vision as a
component in the plan. This plan amendment must be transmitted
and adopted pursuant to the procedures in ss. 163.3184 and
163.3189 at public hearings of the governing body other than
those identified in paragraph (a).
(f) Amendments submitted under this subsection are
exempt from the limitation on the frequency of plan amendments
<u>in s. 163.3187.</u>
(g) A county that has adopted a community vision and
the plan amendment incorporating the vision has been found in
compliance may levy a local option fuel tax under s.
336.025(1)(b) by a majority vote of its governing body.

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1	component of the comprehensive plan and the plan amendment
2	incorporating the community vision as a component has been
3	found in compliance may levy the ninth-cent fuel tax under s.
4	336.021(1)(a) by a majority vote of its governing body.
5	(i) A local government that has developed a community
6	vision or completed a visioning process after July 1, 2000,
7	and before July 1, 2005, which substantially accomplishes the
8	goals set forth in this subsection and the appropriate goals,
9	policies, or objectives have been adopted as part of the
10	comprehensive plan or reflected in subsequently adopted land
11	development regulations and the plan amendment incorporating
12	the community vision as a component has been found in
13	compliance may levy the local option fuel tax under s.
14	336.025(1)(b) and the ninth-cent fuel tax under s.
15	336.021(1)(a) by a majority vote of its governing body.
16	(14) Local governments are also encouraged to
17	designate an urban service boundary. This area must be
18	appropriate for compact, contiguous urban development within a
19	10-year planning timeframe. The urban service area boundary
20	must be identified on the future land use map or map series.
21	The local government shall demonstrate that the land included
22	within the urban service boundary is served or is planned to
23	be served with adequate public facilities and services based
24	on the local government's adopted level-of-service standards
25	by adopting a 10-year facilities plan in the capital
26	improvements element which is financially feasible. The local
27	government shall demonstrate that the amount of land within
28	the urban service boundary does not exceed the amount of land
29	needed to accommodate the projected population growth at
30	densities consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan

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1	(a) As part of the process of establishing an urban
2	service boundary, the local government must hold two public
3	meetings with at least one of those meetings before the local
4	planning agency. Before those public meetings, the local
5	government must hold at least one public workshop with
6	stakeholder groups such as neighborhood associations,
7	community organizations, businesses, private property owners,
8	housing and development interests, and environmental
9	organizations.
10	(b)1. After the workshops and public meetings required
11	under paragraph (a) are held, the local government may amend
12	its comprehensive plan to include the urban service boundary.
13	This plan amendment must be transmitted and adopted pursuant
14	to the procedures in ss. 163.3184 and 163.3189 at meetings of
15	the governing body other than those required under paragraph
16	<u>(a).</u>
17	2. This subsection does not prohibit new development
18	outside an urban service boundary. However, a local government
19	that establishes an urban service boundary under this
20	subsection is encouraged to require a full-cost accounting
21	analysis for any new development outside the boundary and to
22	consider the results of that analysis when adopting a plan
23	amendment for property outside the established urban service
24	boundary.
25	(c) Amendments submitted under this subsection are
26	exempt from the limitation on the frequency of plan amendments
27	<u>in s. 163.3187.</u>
28	(d) A county that has adopted a community vision under
29	subsection (13) and an urban service boundary under this

31 <u>amendments incorporating the vision and the urban service</u>

30 subsection as part of its comprehensive plan and the plan

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1	boundary have been found in compliance may levy the charter
2	county transit system surtax under s. 212.055(1) by a majority
3	vote of the governing body.
4	(e) A county that has adopted a community vision under
5	subsection (13) and an urban service boundary under this
6	subsection and the plan amendments incorporating the vision
7	and the urban service boundary have been found in compliance
8	may levy the local government infrastructure surtax under s.
9	212.055(2) by a majority vote of its governing body.
10	(f) A small county that has adopted a community vision
11	under subsection (13) and an urban service boundary under this
12	subsection and the plan amendment incorporating the vision and
13	the urban service boundary has been found in compliance may
14	levy the local government infrastructure surtax under s.
15	212.055(2) and the small county surtax under s. 212.055(3) by
16	a majority vote of its governing body for a combined rate of
17	up to 2 percent.
18	Section 3. <u>Section 163.31776, Florida Statutes, is</u>
19	repealed.
20	Section 4. Subsections (2), (5), (6), and (7) of
21	section 163.31777, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
22	163.31777 Public schools interlocal agreement
23	(2) At a minimum, the interlocal agreement must
24	address <u>interlocal-agreement requirements in s.</u>
25	163.3180(13)(g), except for exempt local governments as
26	provided in s. 163.3177(12), and must address the following
27	issues:
28	(a) A process by which each local government and the
29	district school board agree and base their plans on consistent
30	projections of the amount, type, and distribution of
31	population growth and student enrollment. The geographic 27
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distribution of jurisdiction-wide growth forecasts is a major objective of the process.

- (b) A process to coordinate and share information relating to existing and planned public school facilities, including school renovations and closures, and local government plans for development and redevelopment.
- (c) Participation by affected local governments with the district school board in the process of evaluating potential school closures, significant renovations to existing schools, and new school site selection before land acquisition. Local governments shall advise the district school board as to the consistency of the proposed closure, renovation, or new site with the local comprehensive plan, including appropriate circumstances and criteria under which a district school board may request an amendment to the comprehensive plan for school siting.
- (d) A process for determining the need for and timing of onsite and offsite improvements to support new, proposed expansion, or redevelopment of existing schools. The process must address identification of the party or parties responsible for the improvements.
- (e) A process for the school board to inform the local government regarding the effect of comprehensive plan amendments on school capacity. The capacity reporting must be consistent with laws and rules relating to measurement of school facility capacity and must also identify how the district school board will meet the public school demand based on the facilities work program adopted pursuant to s. 1013.35.
- (f) Participation of the local governments in the 30 preparation of the annual update to the district school
- 31 board's 5-year district facilities work program and

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educational plant survey prepared pursuant to s. 1013.35.

- (g) A process for determining where and how joint use of either school board or local government facilities can be shared for mutual benefit and efficiency.
- (h) A procedure for the resolution of disputes between the district school board and local governments, which may include the dispute resolution processes contained in chapters 164 and 186.
- (i) An oversight process, including an opportunity for public participation, for the implementation of the interlocal agreement.

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A signatory to the interlocal agreement may elect not to include a provision meeting the requirements of paragraph (e); however, such a decision may be made only after a public hearing on such election, which may include the public hearing in which a district school board or a local government adopts the interlocal agreement. An interlocal agreement entered into pursuant to this section must be consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan and land development regulations of any local government that is a signatory.

element to implement school concurrency pursuant to the requirements of s. 163.3180 before the effective date of this section is not required to amend the element or any interlocal agreement to conform with the provisions of this section if the element is adopted prior to or within 1 year after the effective date of this section and remains in effect until the county conducts its evaluation and appraisal report and identifies changes necessary to more fully conform to the

31 provisions of this section.

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- (6) Except as provided in subsection (7), municipalities meeting the exemption criteria in s.

 163.3177(12) having no established need for a new school facility and meeting the following criteria are exempt from the requirements of subsections (1), (2), and (3).÷
- (a) The municipality has no public schools located within its boundaries.
- (b) The district school board's 5-year facilities work program and the long-term 10-year and 20-year work programs, as provided in s. 1013.35, demonstrate that no new school facility is needed in the municipality. In addition, the district school board must verify in writing that no new school facility will be needed in the municipality within the 5-year and 10-year timeframes.
- report, each exempt municipality shall assess the extent to which it continues to meet the criteria for exemption under <u>s.</u> 163.3177(12) subsection (6). If the municipality continues to meet these criteria and the district school board verifies in writing that no new school facilities will be needed within the 5-year and 10-year timeframes, the municipality shall continue to be exempt from the interlocal-agreement requirement. Each municipality exempt under <u>s.</u> 163.3177(12) subsection (6) must comply with the provisions of this section within 1 year after the district school board proposes, in its 5-year district facilities work program, a new school within the municipality's jurisdiction.
- Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), subsection (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (4), subsections (5), (6),
- 30 (7), (9), (10), (13), and (15) of section 163.3180, Florida

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to that section, to read:

163.3180 Concurrency.--

(1)(a) Sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, potable water, parks and recreation, schools, and transportation facilities, including mass transit, where applicable, are the only public facilities and services subject to the concurrency requirement on a statewide basis. Additional public facilities and services may not be made subject to concurrency on a statewide basis without appropriate study and approval by the Legislature; however, any local government may extend the concurrency requirement so that it applies to additional public facilities within its jurisdiction.

- (2)(a) Consistent with public health and safety, sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, adequate water supplies, and potable water facilities shall be in place and available to serve new development no later than the issuance by the local government of a certificate of occupancy or its functional equivalent. Prior to approval of a building permit or its functional equivalent, the local government shall confirm with the applicable water supplier that adequate water supplies to serve the new development will be available no later than the anticipated date of issuance by the local government of a certificate of occupancy or its functional equivalent.
- (b) Consistent with the public welfare, and except as otherwise provided in this section, parks and recreation facilities to serve new development shall be in place or under actual construction no later than 1 year after issuance by the local government of a certificate of occupancy or its 30 | functional equivalent. However, the acreage for such
- 31 facilities shall be dedicated or be acquired by the local 31 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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1	government prior to issuance by the local government of a
2	certificate of occupancy or its functional equivalent, or
3	funds in the amount of the developer's fair share shall be
4	committed <u>no later than</u> prior to issuance by the local
5	government's approval to commence construction government of a
6	certificate of occupancy or its functional equivalent.
7	(c) Consistent with the public welfare, and except as
8	otherwise provided in this section, transportation facilities
9	designated as part of the Florida Intrastate Highway System
10	needed to serve new development shall be in place when the
11	local government approves a building permit or its functional
12	equivalent that results in traffic generation, or the facility
13	$\underline{\text{must be}}$ $\underline{\text{or}}$ under actual construction $\underline{\text{within 3}}$ $\underline{\text{not more than 5}}$
14	years after the date of the local government's approval to
15	commence construction of each stage or phase of the
16	development. issuance by the local government of a certificate
17	of occupancy or its functional equivalent. Other
18	transportation facilities needed to serve new development
19	shall be in place or under actual construction no more than 3
20	years after issuance by the local government of a certificate
21	of occupancy or its functional equivalent.
22	(4)
23	(c) The concurrency requirement, except as it relates
24	to transportation facilities and public schools, as
25	implemented in local government comprehensive plans, may be
26	waived by a local government for urban infill and
27	redevelopment areas designated pursuant to s. 163.2517 if such
28	a waiver does not endanger public health or safety as defined

31 pursuant to the process set forth in s. 163.3187(3)(a). A 32 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

30 plan. The waiver shall be adopted as a plan amendment

29 by the local government in its local government comprehensive

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local government may grant a concurrency exception pursuant to subsection (5) for transportation facilities located within these urban infill and redevelopment areas.

- (5)(a) The Legislature finds that under limited circumstances dealing with transportation facilities, countervailing planning and public policy goals may come into conflict with the requirement that adequate public facilities and services be available concurrent with the impacts of such development. The Legislature further finds that often the unintended result of the concurrency requirement for transportation facilities is the discouragement of urban infill development and redevelopment. Such unintended results directly conflict with the goals and policies of the state comprehensive plan and the intent of this part. Therefore, exceptions from the concurrency requirement for transportation facilities may be granted as provided by this subsection.
- (b) A local government may grant an exception from the concurrency requirement for transportation facilities if the proposed development is otherwise consistent with the adopted local government comprehensive plan and is a project that promotes public transportation or is located within an area designated in the comprehensive plan for:
 - 1. Urban infill development,
 - 2. Urban redevelopment,
 - 3. Downtown revitalization, or
 - 4. Urban infill and redevelopment under s. 163.2517.
- (c) The Legislature also finds that developments located within urban infill, urban redevelopment, existing urban service, or downtown revitalization areas or areas 30 designated as urban infill and redevelopment areas under s.
- 31 163.2517 which pose only special part-time demands on the

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1	transportation system should be excepted from the concurrency						
2	2 requirement for transportation facilities. A special 3 part-time demand is one that does not have more than 200						
3							
4	scheduled events during any calendar year and does not affect						
5	the 100 highest traffic volume hours.						
6	(d) A local government shall establish guidelines <u>in</u>						
7	the comprehensive plan for granting the exceptions authorized						
8	in paragraphs (b) and (c) and subsections (7) and (15) which						
9	must be consistent with and support a comprehensive strategy						
10	adopted in the plan to promote the purpose of the exceptions.						
11	(e) The local government shall adopt into the plan and						
12	implement strategies to support and fund mobility within the						
13	designated exception area, including alternative modes of						
14	transportation. The plan amendment shall also demonstrate how						
15	strategies will support the purpose of the exception and how						
16	mobility within the designated exception area will be						
17	provided. In addition, the strategies must address urban						
18	design; appropriate land use mixes, including intensity and						
19	density; and network connectivity plans needed to promote						
20	urban infill, redevelopment, or downtown revitalization. The						
21	comprehensive plan amendment designating the concurrency						
22	exception area shall be accompanied by data and analysis						
23	justifying the size of the area.						
24	(f) Prior to the designation of a concurrency						
25	exception area, the Department of Transportation shall be						
26	consulted by the local government to assess the impact that						
27	the proposed exception area is expected to have on the adopted						
28	level of service standards established for Strategic						
29	Intermodal System facilities, as defined in s. 339.64.						
30	Further, the local government shall, in cooperation with the						

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- impacts to the Strategic Intermodal System, including, if 1 appropriate, the development of a long-term concurrency 2 management system pursuant to ss. 163.3177(3)(d) and 3 163.3180(9). in the comprehensive plan. These guidelines must 4 5 include consideration of the impacts on the Florida Intrastate Highway System, as defined in s. 338.001. The exceptions may 6 7 be available only within the specific geographic area of the jurisdiction designated in the plan. Pursuant to s. 163.3184, 8 9 any affected person may challenge a plan amendment 10 establishing these guidelines and the areas within which an exception could be granted. 11
 - (g) Transportation concurrency exception areas existing prior to July 1, 2005, shall meet, at a minimum, the provisions of this section by July 1, 2006, or at the time of the comprehensive plan update pursuant to the evaluation and appraisal report, whichever occurs last.
 - consistent with this part. A de minimis impact is an impact that would not affect more than 1 percent of the maximum volume at the adopted level of service of the affected transportation facility as determined by the local government. No impact will be de minimis if the sum of existing roadway volumes and the projected volumes from approved projects on a transportation facility would exceed 110 percent of the maximum volume at the adopted level of service of the affected transportation facility; provided however, that an impact of a single family home on an existing lot will constitute a de minimis impact on all roadways regardless of the level of the deficiency of the roadway. Local governments are encouraged to adopt methodologies to encourage de minimis impacts on

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area. Further, no impact will be de minimis if it would exceed 1 the adopted level-of-service standard of any affected 2 3 designated hurricane evacuation routes. Each local government shall maintain sufficient records to ensure that the 4 5 110-percent criterion is not exceeded. Each local government shall submit annually, with its updated capital improvements 6 7 element, a summary of the de minimus records. If the state land planning agency determines that the 110-percent criterion has been exceeded, the state land planning agency shall notify 9 10 the local government of the exceedance and that no further de minimis exceptions for the applicable roadway may be granted 11 until such time as the volume is reduced below the 110 12 percent. The local government shall provide proof of this 13 14 reduction to the state land planning agency before issuing 15 further de minimis exceptions.

redevelopment, one or more transportation concurrency management areas may be designated in a local government comprehensive plan. A transportation concurrency management area must be a compact geographic area with an existing network of roads where multiple, viable alternative travel paths or modes are available for common trips. A local government may establish an areawide level-of-service standard for such a transportation concurrency management area based upon an analysis that provides for a justification for the areawide level of service, how urban infill development or redevelopment will be promoted, and how mobility will be accomplished within the transportation concurrency management area. Prior to the designation of a concurrency management area, the Department of Transportation shall be consulted by

the local government to assess the impact that the proposed

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1	concurrency management area is expected to have on the adopted
2	level of service standards established for Strategic
3	Intermodal System facilities, as defined in s. 339.64.
4	Further, the local government shall, in cooperation with the
5	Department of Transportation, develop a plan to mitigate any
6	impacts to the Strategic Intermodal System, including, if
7	appropriate, the development of a long-term concurrency
8	management system pursuant to ss. 163.3177(3)(d) and
9	163.3180(9). Transportation concurrency management areas
10	existing prior to July 1, 2005, shall meet, at a minimum, the
11	provisions of this section by July 1, 2006, or at the time of
12	the comprehensive plan update pursuant to the evaluation and
13	appraisal report, whichever occurs last. The state land
14	planning agency shall amend chapter 9J-5, Florida
15	Administrative Code, to be consistent with this subsection.
16	(9)(a) Each local government may adopt as a part of
17	its plan, a long-term transportation and school concurrency
18	management systems system with a planning period of up to 10
19	years for specially designated districts or areas where
20	significant backlogs exist. The plan may include interim
21	level-of-service standards on certain facilities and ${\color{red} {\rm shall}}$ ${\color{red} {\rm may}}$
22	rely on the local government's schedule of capital
23	improvements for up to 10 years as a basis for issuing
24	development orders that authorize commencement of construction
25	permits in these <u>designated</u> districts <u>or areas. The</u>
26	concurrency management system. It must be designed to correct
27	existing deficiencies and set priorities for addressing
28	backlogged facilities. The concurrency management system
29	must be financially feasible and consistent with other
30	portions of the adopted local plan, including the future land

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- (b) If a local government has a transportation or school facility backlog for existing development which cannot be adequately addressed in a 10-year plan, the state land planning agency may allow it to develop a plan and long-term schedule of capital improvements covering of up to 15 years for good and sufficient cause, based on a general comparison between that local government and all other similarly situated local jurisdictions, using the following factors:
 - 1. The extent of the backlog.
- 2. <u>For roads</u>, whether the backlog is on local or state roads.
 - 3. The cost of eliminating the backlog.
 - 4. The local government's tax and other revenue-raising efforts.
 - (c) The local government may issue approvals to commence construction notwithstanding s. 163.3180, consistent with and in areas that are subject to a long-term concurrency management system.
- 19 (d) If the local government adopts a long-term 20 concurrency management system, it must evaluate the system 21 periodically. At a minimum, the local government must assess its progress toward improving levels of service within the 22 23 long-term concurrency management district or area in the evaluation and appraisal report and determine any changes that 2.4 are necessary to accelerate progress in meeting acceptable 2.5 levels of service. 26
 - (10) With regard to <u>roadway</u> facilities on the <u>Strategic Intermodal System designated in accordance with ss.</u>

 339.61, 339.62, 339.63, and 339.64, the Florida Intrastate

 Highway System as defined in s. 338.001, and roadway
- 31 <u>facilities funded in accordance with s. 339.2819</u> with

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1	concurrence from the Department of Transportation, the
2	level-of-service standard for general lanes in urbanized
3	areas, as defined in s. 334.03(36), may be established by the
4	local government in the comprehensive plan. For all other
5	facilities on the Florida Intrastate Highway System, local
6	governments shall adopt the level-of-service standard
7	established by the Department of Transportation by rule. For
8	all other roads on the State Highway System, local governments
9	shall establish an adequate level-of-service standard that
10	need not be consistent with any level-of-service standard
11	established by the Department of Transportation. $\underline{\text{In}}$
12	establishing adequate level-of-service standards for any
13	arterial roads, or collector roads as appropriate, which
14	traverse multiple jurisdictions, local governments shall
15	consider compatibility with the roadway facility's adopted
16	level-of-service standards in adjacent jurisdictions. Each
17	local government within a county shall use a professionally
18	accepted methodology for measuring impacts on transportation
19	facilities for the purposes of implementing its concurrency
20	management system. Counties are encouraged to coordinate with
21	adjacent counties, and local governments within a county are
22	encouraged to coordinate, for the purpose of using common
23	methodologies for measuring impacts on transportation
24	facilities for the purpose of implementing their concurrency
25	management systems.
26	(13) School concurrency, if imposed by local option,
27	shall be established on a districtwide basis and shall include
28	all public schools in the district and all portions of the
29	district, whether located in a municipality or an
30	unincorporated area unless exempt from the public school

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- application of school concurrency to development shall be based upon the adopted comprehensive plan, as amended. All local governments within a county, except as provided in paragraph (f), shall adopt and transmit to the state land planning agency the necessary plan amendments, along with the interlocal agreement, for a compliance review pursuant to s. 163.3184(7) and (8). School concurrency shall not become effective in a county until all local governments, except as provided in paragraph (f), have adopted the necessary plan amendments, which together with the interlocal agreement, are determined to be in compliance with the requirements of this part. The minimum requirements for school concurrency are the following:
- (a) Public school facilities element.—A local government shall adopt and transmit to the state land planning agency a plan or plan amendment which includes a public school facilities element which is consistent with the requirements of s. 163.3177(12) and which is determined to be in compliance as defined in s. 163.3184(1)(b). All local government public school facilities plan elements within a county must be consistent with each other as well as the requirements of this part.
- (b) Level-of-service standards.--The Legislature recognizes that an essential requirement for a concurrency management system is the level of service at which a public facility is expected to operate.
- 1. Local governments and school boards imposing school concurrency shall exercise authority in conjunction with each other to establish jointly adequate level-of-service standards, as defined in chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative

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29 30 comprehensive plan, based on data and analysis.

- 2. Public school level-of-service standards shall be included and adopted into the capital improvements element of the local comprehensive plan and shall apply districtwide to all schools of the same type. Types of schools may include elementary, middle, and high schools as well as special purpose facilities such as magnet schools.
- 3. Local governments and school boards shall have the option to utilize tiered level-of-service standards to allow time to achieve an adequate and desirable level of service as circumstances warrant.
- (c) Service areas. -- The Legislature recognizes that an essential requirement for a concurrency system is a designation of the area within which the level of service will be measured when an application for a residential development permit is reviewed for school concurrency purposes. This delineation is also important for purposes of determining whether the local government has a financially feasible public school capital facilities program that will provide schools which will achieve and maintain the adopted level-of-service standards.
- 1. In order to balance competing interests, preserve the constitutional concept of uniformity, and avoid disruption of existing educational and growth management processes, local governments are encouraged to initially apply school concurrency to development only on a districtwide basis so that a concurrency determination for a specific development will be based upon the availability of school capacity districtwide. To ensure that development is coordinated with schools having available capacity, within 5 years after
- adoption of school concurrency, local governments shall apply

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school concurrency on a less than districtwide basis, such as using school attendance zones or concurrency service areas, as provided in subparagraph 2.

- 2. For local governments applying school concurrency on a less than districtwide basis, such as utilizing school attendance zones or larger school concurrency service areas, local governments and school boards shall have the burden to demonstrate that the utilization of school capacity is maximized to the greatest extent possible in the comprehensive plan and amendment, taking into account transportation costs and court-approved desegregation plans, as well as other factors. In addition, in order to achieve concurrency within the service area boundaries selected by local governments and school boards, the service area boundaries, together with the standards for establishing those boundaries, shall be identified and, included as supporting data and analysis for, and adopted as part of the comprehensive plan. Any subsequent change to the service area boundaries for purposes of a school concurrency system shall be by plan amendment and shall be exempt from the limitation on the frequency of plan amendments in s. 163.3187(1).
- 3. Where school capacity is available on a districtwide basis but school concurrency is applied on a less than districtwide basis in the form of concurrency service areas, if the adopted level-of-service standard cannot be met in a particular service area as applied to an application for a development permit and if the needed capacity for the particular service area is available in one or more contiguous service areas, as adopted by the local government, then the development order may not shall be denied on the basis of
- 31 <u>school concurrency, and if</u> issued, <u>development impacts shall</u> 42

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be shifted to contiguous service areas with schools having available capacity and mitigation measures shall not be exacted.

- (d) Financial feasibility. -- The Legislature recognizes that financial feasibility is an important issue because the premise of concurrency is that the public facilities will be provided in order to achieve and maintain the adopted level-of-service standard. This part and chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, contain specific standards to determine the financial feasibility of capital programs. These standards were adopted to make concurrency more predictable and local governments more accountable.
- 1. A comprehensive plan amendment seeking to impose school concurrency shall contain appropriate amendments to the capital improvements element of the comprehensive plan, consistent with the requirements of s. 163.3177(3) and rule 9J-5.016, Florida Administrative Code. The capital improvements element shall set forth a financially feasible public school capital facilities program, established in conjunction with the school board, that demonstrates that the adopted level-of-service standards will be achieved and maintained.
- 2. Such amendments shall demonstrate that the public school capital facilities program meets all of the financial feasibility standards of this part and chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, that apply to capital programs which provide the basis for mandatory concurrency on other public facilities and services.
- 3. When the financial feasibility of a public school 30 | capital facilities program is evaluated by the state land
- 31 planning agency for purposes of a compliance determination,

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the evaluation shall be based upon the service areas selected by the local governments and school board.

(e) Availability standard. -- Consistent with the public welfare, a local government may not deny an application for site plan, final subdivision approval, or the functional equivalent for a development or phase of a development permit authorizing residential development for failure to achieve and maintain the level-of-service standard for public school capacity in a local option school concurrency management system where adequate school facilities will be in place or under actual construction within 3 years after the permit issuance of final subdivision or site plan approval, or the functional equivalent. School concurrency shall be satisfied if the developer executes a development order may be approved if the developer executes a legally binding commitment to provide mitigation proportionate to the demand for public school facilities to be created by actual development of the property, including, but not limited to, the options described in subparagraph 1. Options for proportionate-share mitigation of impacts on public school facilities shall be established in the public school facilities element and the interlocal agreement pursuant to s. 163.31777.

1. Appropriate mitigation options include the contribution of land; the construction, expansion, or payment for land acquistion or construction of a public school facility; or the creation of mitigation banking based on the construction of a public school facility in exchange for the right to sell capacity credits. Such options must include execution by the applicant and the local government of a binding development agreement that constitutes a legally

31 binding commitment to pay proportionate-share mitigation for

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1	the additional residential units approved by the local
2	government in a development order and actually developed on
3	the property, taking into account residential density allowed
4	on the property prior to the plan amendment that increased
5	overall residential density. The district school board shall
6	be a party to such an agreement. As a condition of its entry
7	into such a development agreement, the local government may
8	require the landowner to agree to continuing renewal of the
9	agreement upon its expiration.
10	2. If the education facilities plan and the public
11	educational facilities element authorize a contribution of
12	land; the construction, expansion, or payment for land
13	acquistion; or the construction or expansion of a public
14	school facility, or a portion thereof, as proportionate-share
15	mitigation, the local government shall credit such a
16	contribution, construction, expansion, or payment toward any
17	other impact fee or exaction imposed by local ordinance for
18	the same need, on a dollar-for-dollar basis at fair market
19	value.
20	3. Any proportionate-share mitigation must be directed
21	by the school board toward a school capacity improvement
22	identified in a financially feasible 5-year district work plan
23	and which satisfies the demands created by that development in
24	accordance with a binding developer's agreement.
25	4. This paragraph does not limit the authority of a
26	local government to deny a development permit or its
27	functional equivalent pursuant to its home-rule regulatory
28	powers, except as provided in this part.
29	(f) Intergovernmental coordination
30	1. When establishing concurrency requirements for

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requirements for intergovernmental coordination set forth in 1 s. 163.3177(6)(h)1. and 2., except that a municipality is not 2 3 required to be a signatory to the interlocal agreement required by <u>ss.</u> s. 163.3177(6)(h)2. <u>and 163.31777(6)</u>, as a 4 5 prerequisite for imposition of school concurrency, and as a nonsignatory, shall not participate in the adopted local 6 7 school concurrency system, if the municipality meets all of the following criteria for having no significant impact on 9 school attendance:

- a. The municipality has issued development orders for fewer than 50 residential dwelling units during the preceding 5 years, or the municipality has generated fewer than 25 additional public school students during the preceding 5 years.
- The municipality has not annexed new land during the preceding 5 years in land use categories which permit residential uses that will affect school attendance rates.
- c. The municipality has no public schools located within its boundaries.
- d. At least 80 percent of the developable land within the boundaries of the municipality has been built upon.
- 2. A municipality which qualifies as having no significant impact on school attendance pursuant to the criteria of subparagraph 1. must review and determine at the time of its evaluation and appraisal report pursuant to s. 163.3191 whether it continues to meet the criteria pursuant to <u>s. 163.31777(6)</u>. If the municipality determines that it no longer meets the criteria, it must adopt appropriate school concurrency goals, objectives, and policies in its plan amendments based on the evaluation and appraisal report, and
- 31 enter into the existing interlocal agreement required by ss.

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s. 163.3177(6)(h)2. and 163.31777, in order to fully participate in the school concurrency system. If such a municipality fails to do so, it will be subject to the enforcement provisions of s. 163.3191.

- (g) Interlocal agreement for school concurrency. -- When establishing concurrency requirements for public schools, a local government must enter into an interlocal agreement that which satisfies the requirements in ss. s. 163.3177(6)(h)1. and 2. and 163.31777 and the requirements of this subsection. The interlocal agreement shall acknowledge both the school board's constitutional and statutory obligations to provide a uniform system of free public schools on a countywide basis, and the land use authority of local governments, including their authority to approve or deny comprehensive plan amendments and development orders. The interlocal agreement shall be submitted to the state land planning agency by the local government as a part of the compliance review, along with the other necessary amendments to the comprehensive plan required by this part. In addition to the requirements of ss. s. 163.3177(6)(h) and 163.31777, the interlocal agreement shall meet the following requirements:
- 1. Establish the mechanisms for coordinating the development, adoption, and amendment of each local government's public school facilities element with each other and the plans of the school board to ensure a uniform districtwide school concurrency system.
- 2. Establish a process by which each local government and the school board shall agree and base their plans on consistent projections of the amount, type, and distribution of population growth and coordinate and share information

31 relating to existing and planned public school facilities

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projections and proposals for development and redevelopment, and infrastructure required to support public school facilities.

2.3. Establish a process for the development of siting criteria which encourages the location of public schools proximate to urban residential areas to the extent possible and seeks to collocate schools with other public facilities such as parks, libraries, and community centers to the extent possible.

3.4. Specify uniform, districtwide level-of-service standards for public schools of the same type and the process for modifying the adopted level-of-service standards.

4.5. Establish a process for the preparation, amendment, and joint approval by each local government and the school board of a public school capital facilities program which is financially feasible, and a process and schedule for incorporation of the public school capital facilities program into the local government comprehensive plans on an annual basis.

5.6. Define the geographic application of school concurrency. If school concurrency is to be applied on a less than districtwide basis in the form of concurrency service areas, the agreement shall establish criteria and standards for the establishment and modification of school concurrency service areas. The agreement shall also establish a process and schedule for the mandatory incorporation of the school concurrency service areas and the criteria and standards for establishment of the service areas into the local government comprehensive plans. The agreement shall ensure maximum utilization of school capacity, taking into account

31 transportation costs and court-approved desegregation plans,

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as well as other factors. The agreement shall also ensure the achievement and maintenance of the adopted level-of-service standards for the geographic area of application throughout the 5 years covered by the public school capital facilities plan and thereafter by adding a new fifth year during the annual update.

- $\underline{6.7.}$ Establish a uniform districtwide procedure for implementing school concurrency which provides for:
- a. The evaluation of development applications for compliance with school concurrency requirements, including information provided by the school board on affected schools, impact on levels of service, and programmed improvements for affected schools and any options to provide sufficient capacity;
- b. An opportunity for the school board to review and comment on the effect of comprehensive plan amendments and rezonings on the public school facilities plan; and
- c. The monitoring and evaluation of the school concurrency system.
- 7.8. Include provisions relating to termination, suspension, and amendment of the agreement. The agreement shall provide that if the agreement is terminated or suspended, the application of school concurrency shall be terminated or suspended.
- 8. A process and uniform methodology for determining proportionate-share mitigation pursuant to subparagraph (e)1.
- (h) This subsection does not limit the authority of a local government to grant or deny a development permit or its functional equivalent prior to the implementation of school concurrency.
- 31 (15)(a) Multimodal transportation districts may be 49
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1	established under a local government comprehensive plan in
2	areas delineated on the future land use map for which the
3	local comprehensive plan assigns secondary priority to vehicle
4	mobility and primary priority to assuring a safe, comfortable,
5	and attractive pedestrian environment, with convenient
6	interconnection to transit. Such districts must incorporate
7	community design features that will reduce the number of
8	automobile trips or vehicle miles of travel and will support
9	an integrated, multimodal transportation system. Prior to the
10	designation of multimodal transportation districts, the
11	Department of Transportation shall be consulted by the local
12	government to assess the impact that the proposed multimodal
13	district area is expected to have on the adopted level of
14	service standards established for Strategic Intermodal System
15	facilities, as defined in s. 339.64. Further, the local
16	government shall, in cooperation with the Department of
17	Transportation, develop a plan to mitigate any impacts to the
18	Strategic Intermodal System, including the development of a
19	long-term concurrency management system pursuant to ss.
20	163.3177(3)(d) and 163.3180(9). Multimodal transportation
21	districts existing prior to July 1, 2005, shall meet, at a
22	minimum, the provisions of this section by July 1, 2006, or at
23	the time of the comprehensive plan update pursuant to the
24	evaluation and appraisal report, whichever occurs last.
25	(b) Community design elements of such a district
26	include: a complementary mix and range of land uses, including
27	educational, recreational, and cultural uses; interconnected
28	networks of streets designed to encourage walking and
29	bicycling, with traffic-calming where desirable; appropriate
30	densities and intensities of use within walking distance of

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residences, allowing independence to persons who do not drive; public uses, streets, and squares that are safe, comfortable, and attractive for the pedestrian, with adjoining buildings open to the street and with parking not interfering with pedestrian, transit, automobile, and truck travel modes.

6 (c) Local governments may establish multimodal 7 level-of-service standards that rely primarily on nonvehicular

9 an analysis demonstrating that the existing and planned

community design will provide an adequate level of mobility

modes of transportation within the district, when justified by

within the district based upon professionally accepted 11

12 multimodal level-of-service methodologies. The analysis must

take into consideration the impact on the Florida Intrastate 13

14 Highway System. The analysis must also demonstrate that the

15 capital improvements required to promote community design are

financially feasible over the development or redevelopment 16

timeframe for the district and that community design features 17

within the district provide convenient interconnection for a 18

multimodal transportation system. Local governments may issue 19

20 development permits in reliance upon all planned community

21 design capital improvements that are financially feasible over

the development or redevelopment timeframe for the district, 22

23 without regard to the period of time between development or

redevelopment and the scheduled construction of the capital 24

improvements. A determination of financial feasibility shall 25

be based upon currently available funding or funding sources 26

that could reasonably be expected to become available over the

28 planning period.

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(d) Local governments may reduce impact fees or local 30 access fees for development within multimodal transportation

31 districts based on the reduction of vehicle trips per

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household or vehicle miles of travel expected from the development pattern planned for the district.

- alternative method by which the impacts of development can be mitigated by the cooperative efforts of the public and private sector with respect to transportation, including transit where applicable, public schools, and parks and recreation. Any methodology used to calculate proportionate share contributions must ensure that a development is only assessed to fund improvements to facilities or services that are reasonably attributable to the impacts of such development.
- (a) A local government shall specifically authorize in its comprehensive plan proportionate fair-share mitigation to satisfy concurrency requirements applicable to transportation, parks and recreation, and public schools.
- (b) A local government's land development regulations
 must include methodologies that will be applied to calculate
 proportionate fair-share mitigation for individual projects.
 These methodologies must ensure that proportionate fair-share
 mitigation not exceed the mitigation required to mitigate
 impacts reasonably attributable to the impacts of a particular
 project.
- (c) Proportionate fair-share mitigation shall include, without limitation, separately or collectively, cash payments, contribution of land, and construction and contribution of facilities.
- (d) A local government may impose proportionate

 fair-share mitigation on projects prior to a failure of the

 facility to meet established levels of service. However, to

 the maximum extent feasible, such mitigation shall be applied
- 31 to an impacted transportation facility commensurate to the

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1	degree of impact to the facility.
2	(e) Proportionate fair-share mitigation must be
3	applied by the local government to mitigate impacts reasonably
4	attributable to a project. The timing for application of
5	mitigation and the methods by which it will be applied to
6	concurrency requirements shall be established in the local
7	plan amendment referenced in paragraph (a) and shall be
8	consistent with the capital improvements element of the local
9	plan.
10	(f) Mitigation for development impacts to facilities
11	on the Strategic Intermodal System or other facilities by the
12	local government, which are subject to the level-of-service
13	standard established by the Department of Transportation,
14	shall require the concurrence of the Department of
15	Transportation.
16	(g) By December 1, 2006, each local government shall
17	adopt by ordinance a transportation concurrency management
18	system that shall include a methodology for assessing
19	proportionate fair-share mitigation options. By December 1,
20	2005, the Department of Transportation shall develop a model
21	transportation concurrency management ordinance with
22	methodologies for assessing proportionate fair-share
23	mitigation options.
24	(h) Mitigation for development impacts to public
25	schools shall require the concurrence of the local school
26	board pursuant to subsection (13).
27	(i) Each school district shall adopt by rule
28	methodologies for determining proportionate fair-share
29	mitigation for public schools within a district. Once adopted,
30	local governments shall apply these methodologies for public

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1	mitigation agreement or development order for the project.
2	Section 6. Subsection (17) is added to section
3	163.3184, Florida Statutes, to read:
4	163.3184 Process for adoption of comprehensive plan or
5	plan amendment
6	(17) A local government that has adopted a community
7	vision and urban service boundary under s. 163.31773(13) and
8	(14) may adopt a plan amendment related to map amendments
9	solely to property within an urban service boundary in the
10	manner described in subsections (1), (2), (7), (14), (15), and
11	(16) and s. 163.3187(1)(c)1.d. and e., 2., and 3., such that
12	state and regional agency review is eliminated. The department
13	may not issue an objections, recommendations, and comments
14	report on proposed plan amendments or a notice of intent on
15	adopted plan amendments; however, affected persons, as defined
16	by paragraph (1)(a), may file a petition for administrative
17	review pursuant to the requirements of s. 163.3187(3)(a) to
18	challenge the compliance of an adopted plan amendment. This
19	subsection does not apply to a text change to the goals,
20	policies, or objectives of the local government's
21	comprehensive plan. Amendments submitted under this subsection
22	are exempt from the limitation on the frequency of plan
23	amendments in s. 163.3187.
24	Section 7. Subsections (2) and (10) of section
25	163.3191, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
26	163.3191 Evaluation and appraisal of comprehensive
27	plan
28	(2) The report shall present an evaluation and
29	assessment of the comprehensive plan and shall contain
30	appropriate statements to update the comprehensive plan,
31	including, but not limited to, words, maps, illustrations, or

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other media, related to:

- (a) Population growth and changes in land area, including annexation, since the adoption of the original plan or the most recent update amendments.
 - (b) The extent of vacant and developable land.
- (c) The financial feasibility of implementing the comprehensive plan and of providing needed infrastructure to achieve and maintain adopted level-of-service standards and sustain concurrency management systems through the capital improvements element, as well as the ability to address infrastructure backlogs and meet the demands of growth on public services and facilities.
- (d) The location of existing development in relation to the location of development as anticipated in the original plan, or in the plan as amended by the most recent evaluation and appraisal report update amendments, such as within areas designated for urban growth.
- (e) An identification of the major issues for the jurisdiction and, where pertinent, the potential social, economic, and environmental impacts.
- (f) Relevant changes to the state comprehensive plan, the requirements of this part, the minimum criteria contained in chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, and the appropriate strategic regional policy plan since the adoption of the original plan or the most recent evaluation and appraisal report update amendments.
- (g) An assessment of whether the plan objectives within each element, as they relate to major issues, have been achieved. The report shall include, as appropriate, an identification as to whether unforeseen or unanticipated
- 31 changes in circumstances have resulted in problems or 55

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opportunities with respect to major issues identified in each element and the social, economic, and environmental impacts of the issue.

- (h) A brief assessment of successes and shortcomings related to each element of the plan.
- (i) The identification of any actions or corrective measures, including whether plan amendments are anticipated to address the major issues identified and analyzed in the report. Such identification shall include, as appropriate, new population projections, new revised planning timeframes, a revised future conditions map or map series, an updated capital improvements element, and any new and revised goals, objectives, and policies for major issues identified within each element. This paragraph shall not require the submittal of the plan amendments with the evaluation and appraisal report.
- (j) A summary of the public participation program and activities undertaken by the local government in preparing the report.
- (k) The coordination of the comprehensive plan with existing public schools and those identified in the applicable educational facilities plan adopted pursuant to s. 1013.35. The assessment shall address, where relevant, the success or failure of the coordination of the future land use map and associated planned residential development with public schools and their capacities, as well as the joint decisionmaking processes engaged in by the local government and the school board in regard to establishing appropriate population projections and the planning and siting of public school facilities. For those counties or municipalities that do not

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- 1 <u>facility element, the assessment shall determine whether the</u>
 2 <u>local government continues to meet the criteria of s.</u>
- 3 163.3177(12). If the county or municipality determines that it
- 4 no longer meets the criteria, it must adopt appropriate school
- 5 concurrency goals, objectives, and policies in its plan
- 6 amendments pursuant to the requirements of the public school
- 7 | facility element, and enter into the existing interlocal
- 8 agreement required by ss. 163.3177(6)(h)2. and 163.31777 in
- 9 order to fully participate in the school concurrency system.
- 10 If the issues are not relevant, the local government shall
- 11 demonstrate that they are not relevant.
- 12 (1) The extent to which the local government has been
- 13 <u>successful in identifying alternative water supply projects</u>
- 14 and traditional water supply projects, including conservation
- 15 and reuse, necessary to meet the water needs identified in s.
- 16 373.0361(2)(a) within the local government's jurisdiction. The
- 17 report must evaluate the degree to which the local government
- 18 has implemented the work plan for building public, private,
- 19 and regional water supply facilities, including development of
- 20 alternative water supplies, The evaluation must consider the
- 21 appropriate water management district's regional water supply
- 22 plan approved pursuant to s. 373.0361. The potable water
- 23 element must be revised to include a work plan, covering at
- 24 least a 10-year planning period, for building any water supply
- 25 facilities that are identified in the element as necessary to
- 26 serve existing and new development and for which the local
- 27 government is responsible.
- 28 (m) If any of the jurisdiction of the local government
- 29 is located within the coastal high-hazard area, an evaluation
- 30 of whether any past reduction in land use density impairs the
- 31 property rights of current residents when redevelopment

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1	occurs, including, but not limited to, redevelopment following
2	a natural disaster. The property rights of current residents
3	shall be balanced with public safety considerations. The local
4	government must identify strategies to address redevelopment
5	feasibility and the property rights of affected residents.
6	These strategies may include the authorization of
7	redevelopment up to the actual built density in existence on
8	the property prior to the natural disaster or redevelopment.
9	(n) An assessment of whether the criteria adopted
10	pursuant to s. 163.3177(6)(a) were successful in achieving
11	compatibility with military installations.
12	(o) The extent to which a concurrency exception area
13	designated pursuant to s. 163.3180(5), a concurrency
14	management area designated pursuant to s. 163.3180(7), or a
15	multimodal district designated pursuant to s. 163.3180(15) has
16	achieved the purpose for which it was created and otherwise
17	complies with the provisions of s. 163.3180.
18	(p) An assessment of the extent to which changes are
19	needed to develop a common methodology for measuring impacts
20	on transportation facilities for the purpose of implementing
21	its concurrency management system in coordination with the
22	municipalities and counties, as appropriate pursuant to s.
23	163.3180(10).
24	(10) The governing body shall amend its comprehensive
25	plan based on the recommendations in the report and shall
26	update the comprehensive plan based on the components of
27	subsection (2), pursuant to the provisions of ss. 163.3184,
28	163.3187, and 163.3189. Amendments to update a comprehensive
29	plan based on the evaluation and appraisal report shall be

30 adopted <u>during a single amendment cycle</u> within 18 months after

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1	planning agency, except the state land planning agency may
2	grant an extension for adoption of a portion of such
3	amendments. The state land planning agency may grant a
4	6-month extension for the adoption of such amendments if the
5	request is justified by good and sufficient cause as
6	determined by the agency. An additional extension may also be
7	granted if the request will result in greater coordination
8	between transportation and land use, for the purposes of
9	improving Florida's transportation system, as determined by
10	the agency in coordination with the Metropolitan Planning
11	Organization program. <u>Failure to timely adopt update</u>
12	amendments to the comprehensive plan based on the evaluation
13	and appraisal report shall result in a local government being
14	prohibited from adopting amendments to the comprehensive plan
15	until the evaluation and appraisal report update amendments
16	have been adopted and transmitted to the state land planning
17	agency. The prohibition on plan amendments shall commence when
18	the update amendments to the comprehensive plan are past due.
19	The comprehensive plan as amended shall be in compliance as
20	defined in s. 163.3184(1)(b). Within 6 months after the
21	effective date of the update amendments to the comprehensive
22	plan, the local government shall provide to the state land
23	planning agency and to all agencies designated by rule a
24	complete copy of the updated comprehensive plan.
25	Section 8. Effective January 1, 2006, subsections (1),
26	(2), (3), and (6) of section 212.055, Florida Statutes, are
27	amended to read:
28	212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative
29	intent; authorization and use of proceedsIt is the
30	legislative intent that any authorization for imposition of a
31	discretionary sales surtax shall be published in the Florida
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Statutes as a subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as provided in s. 212.054.

- (1) CHARTER COUNTY TRANSIT SYSTEM SURTAX. --
- (a)1. Each charter county which adopted a charter prior to January 1, 1984, and each county the government of which is consolidated with that of one or more municipalities, may levy a discretionary sales surtax, subject to approval by a majority vote of the electorate of the county, a majority vote of the governing body, or by a charter amendment approved by a majority vote of the electorate of the county.
- 2. Notwithstanding paragraphs (e) and (f), if a 18 noncharter county or a charter county has updated its capital 19 20 improvements element no earlier than 2005 and if its 21 comprehensive plan has been determined to be in compliance, the noncharter county or charter county may levy a 22 23 discretionary sales surtax pursuant to this subsection by majority vote of the membership of its governing body or 24 25 subject to a referendum. The use of the proceeds of the surtax shall be used by the county subject to the provisions of 26 subparagraph (d)5. Surtaxes imposed by majority vote must be 27 28 used to supplement, not supplant, existing infrastructure funding. A charter county may levy a surtax under both this 29 30 subparagraph and subparagraph 1. for a combined rate up to 1
- 31 percent.

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- (b) The rate shall be 0.5 percent or up to 1 percent.
- (c) The proposal to adopt a discretionary sales surtax as provided in this subsection and to create a trust fund within the county accounts shall be placed on the ballot in accordance with law at a time to be set at the discretion of the governing body.
- (d) Proceeds from the surtax shall be applied to as many or as few of the uses enumerated below in whatever combination the county commission deems appropriate:
- 1. Deposited by the county in the trust fund and shall be used for the purposes of development, construction, equipment, maintenance, operation, supportive services, including a countywide bus system, and related costs of a fixed guideway rapid transit system;
- 2. Remitted by the governing body of the county to an expressway or transportation authority created by law to be used, at the discretion of such authority, for the development, construction, operation, or maintenance of roads or bridges in the county, for the operation and maintenance of a bus system, for the payment of principal and interest on existing bonds issued for the construction of such roads or bridges, and, upon approval by the county commission, such proceeds may be pledged for bonds issued to refinance existing bonds or new bonds issued for the construction of such roads or bridges;
- 3. Used by the charter county for the development, construction, operation, and maintenance of roads and bridges in the county; for the expansion, operation, and maintenance of bus and fixed guideway systems; and for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued for the construction of

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bridges; and such proceeds may be pledged by the governing body of the county for bonds issued to refinance existing bonds or new bonds issued for the construction of such fixed guideway rapid transit systems, bus systems, roads, or bridges and no more than 25 percent used for nontransit uses; and

4. Used by the charter county for the planning, development, construction, operation, and maintenance of roads and bridges in the county; for the planning, development, expansion, operation, and maintenance of bus and fixed guideway systems; and for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued for the construction of fixed quideway rapid transit systems, bus systems, roads, or bridges; and such proceeds may be pledged by the governing body of the county for bonds issued to refinance existing bonds or new bonds issued for the construction of such fixed guideway rapid transit systems, bus systems, roads, or bridges. Pursuant to an interlocal agreement entered into pursuant to chapter 163, the governing body of the charter county may distribute proceeds from the tax to a municipality, or an expressway or transportation authority created by law to be expended for the purpose authorized by this paragraph. If imposed by a majority vote of the governing body and there is no interlocal agreement with a municipality, distribution of the surtax proceeds from subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3. and this subparagraph shall be according to the formula provided in s. 218.62.

5. Used by the county to fund regionally-significant transportation projects identified in a regional transportation plan developed in accordance with s.

339.155(c), (d), and (e), and capital funding for projects

under the New Starts Transit Program specified in s. 341.051.

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1	Projects to be funded shall be in compliance with part II of
2	chapter 163 after the effective date of this act or to
3	implement a long-term concurrency management system adopted by
4	a local government in accordance with s. 163.3177(3) or (9).
5	(e) Surtaxes imposed by majority vote must be used to
6	supplement, not supplant, existing infrastructure funding. In
7	order to impose the surtax by a majority vote of the governing
8	body, the county must go through the following process:
9	1. An advisory board must be created to make
10	recommendations to the board of county commissioners regarding
11	infrastructure projects to address the needs of the community.
12	The governing body of the county shall appoint members to the
13	advisory board who represent the diversity of the community
14	and shall include individuals having an interest in business,
15	finance and accounting, economic development, the environment,
16	transportation, municipal government, education, and public
17	safety and growth management professionals. Based on the
18	estimated amount of the surtax collections, the advisory board
19	must conduct at least two public workshops to develop a
20	project list. Priority shall be given to projects that address
21	existing infrastructure deficits identified in a long-term
22	concurrency management system adopted by a local government in
23	accordance with s. 163.3177(3) or (9) or identified in the
24	capital improvements element. A quorum shall consist of a
25	majority of the advisory board members and is necessary to
26	take any action regarding recommendations to the governing
27	board of the local government. The board of county
28	commissioners shall provide staff support to the advisory
29	board. All advisory board meetings are open to the public, and
30	minutes of the meetings shall be available to the public.

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1	to the board of county commissioners, it may be amended by the
2	board of county commissioners. A public notice must be given
3	of the intent to add additional projects or remove projects
4	recommended by the advisory board. Actions to amend the
5	project list may be taken at the noticed public hearing. Once
6	amended, the list may not be approved at the same meeting at
7	which it was amended. Notice of the intent to adopt the
8	project list must be given and the list must be approved at a
9	subsequent public meeting that may not be held sooner than 14
10	days after the meeting at which the project list was amended.
11	3. If the board of county commissioners does not amend
12	the recommended project list, it may adopt the proposed
13	project list at a public meeting following public notice of
14	the intent to adopt the recommendations of the advisory board.
15	4. The capital improvements schedule of the local
16	government comprehensive plan shall be updated to reflect the
17	project list pursuant to s. 163.3177(3).
18	5. Once the project list has been adopted, the board
19	may give notice of the intent to adopt the surtax by
20	ordinance. The board of county commissioners shall conduct a
21	public hearing to allow for public input on the proposed
22	surtax. The ordinance enacting the surtax may not be adopted
23	at the same meeting as that at which the project list is
24	adopted.
25	6. Once the ordinance adopting the surtax has been
26	enacted, the project list can be amended only in the following
27	manner. The board of county commissioners must give notice of
28	the intent to hold a public hearing to discuss adding or
29	removing projects from the list. The board of county
30	commissioners must take public testimony on the proposal.

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proposal to amend the project list. Action may be taken at a subsequent noticed public meeting that must be held at least 14 days after the meeting at which the proposed changes to the project list were discussed.

- 7. If the tax is implemented, the advisory board shall monitor the expenditure of the tax proceeds and shall hold semiannual meetings. The advisory board shall also monitor whether the county has maintained or increased the level of infrastructure expenditures over the previous 5 years.
- (f) A county may not levy the surtax by majority vote of the governing body unless it has adopted a community vision and an urban service boundary under s. 163.3177(13) and (14).

 Municipalities within a charter county that levies the surtax by majority vote may not receive surtax proceeds unless they have also completed these requirements. Surtax proceeds may only be expended within an urban service boundary.
 - (2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX.--
- (a)1. The governing authority in each county may levy a discretionary sales surtax of 0.5 percent or 1 percent. The levy of the surtax shall be pursuant to ordinance enacted by a majority of the members of the county governing authority or and approved by a majority of the electors of the county voting in a referendum on the surtax. If the governing bodies of the municipalities representing a majority of the county's population adopt uniform resolutions establishing the rate of the surtax and calling for a referendum on the surtax, the levy of the surtax shall be placed on the ballot and shall take effect if approved by a majority of the electors of the county voting in the referendum on the surtax.
 - 2. If the surtax was levied pursuant to a referendum
- 31 held before July 1, 1993, the surtax may not be levied beyond 65 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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 the time established in the ordinance, or, if the ordinance did not limit the period of the levy, the surtax may not be levied for more than 15 years. The levy of such surtax may be extended only by approval of a majority of the electors of the county voting in a referendum on the surtax.

(b) A statement which includes a brief general description of the projects to be funded by the surtax and which conforms to the requirements of s. 101.161 shall be placed on the ballot by the governing authority of any county which enacts an ordinance calling for a referendum on the levy of the surtax or in which the governing bodies of the municipalities representing a majority of the county's population adopt uniform resolutions calling for a referendum on the surtax. The following question shall be placed on the ballot:

....FOR the-cent sales tax
....AGAINST the-cent sales tax

- (c) Pursuant to s. 212.054(4), the proceeds of the surtax levied under this subsection shall be distributed to the county and the municipalities within such county in which the surtax was collected, according to:
- 1. An interlocal agreement between the county governing authority and the governing bodies of the municipalities representing a majority of the county's municipal population, which agreement may include a school district with the consent of the county governing authority and the governing bodies of the municipalities representing a majority of the county's municipal population; or
- 31 2. If there is no interlocal agreement, according to \$66\$ 11:51 AM 04/25/05 \$0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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the formula provided in s. 218.62. 1

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Any change in the distribution formula must take effect on the first day of any month that begins at least 60 days after written notification of that change has been made to the department.

(d)1. The proceeds of the surtax authorized by this subsection and any interest accrued thereto shall be expended by the school district or within the county and municipalities within the county, or, in the case of a negotiated joint county agreement, within another county, to finance, plan, and construct infrastructure and to acquire land for public recreation or conservation or protection of natural resources and to finance the closure of county-owned or municipally owned solid waste landfills that are already closed or are required to close by order of the Department of Environmental Protection. Any use of such proceeds or interest for purposes of landfill closure prior to July 1, 1993, is ratified. Neither the proceeds nor any interest accrued thereto shall be used for operational expenses of any infrastructure, except that any county with a population of less than 75,000 that is required to close a landfill by order of the Department of Environmental Protection may use the proceeds or any interest accrued thereto for long-term maintenance costs associated with landfill closure. Counties, as defined in s. 125.011(1), and charter counties may, in addition, use the proceeds and any interest accrued thereto to retire or service indebtedness incurred for bonds issued prior to July 1, 1987, for infrastructure purposes, and for bonds subsequently issued to refund such bonds. Any use of such proceeds or interest for

31 purposes of retiring or servicing indebtedness incurred for

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such refunding bonds prior to July 1, 1999, is ratified.

- 2. For the purposes of this paragraph, "infrastructure" means:
- a. Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay associated with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement of public facilities which have a life expectancy of 5 or more years and any land acquisition, land improvement, design, and engineering costs related thereto.
- b. A fire department vehicle, an emergency medical service vehicle, a sheriff's office vehicle, a police department vehicle, or any other vehicle, and such equipment necessary to outfit the vehicle for its official use or equipment that has a life expectancy of at least 5 years.
- c. Any expenditure for the construction, lease, or maintenance of, or provision of utilities or security for, facilities as defined in s. 29.008.
- 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, a discretionary sales surtax imposed or extended after the effective date of this act may provide for an amount not to exceed 15 percent of the local option sales surtax proceeds to be allocated for deposit to a trust fund within the county's accounts created for the purpose of funding economic development projects of a general public purpose targeted to improve local economies, including the funding of operational costs and incentives related to such economic development. The ballot statement must indicate the intention to make an allocation under the authority of this subparagraph.
- (e) School districts, counties, and municipalities 30 receiving proceeds under the provisions of this subsection may
- 31 pledge such proceeds for the purpose of servicing new bond

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indebtedness incurred pursuant to law. Local governments may use the services of the Division of Bond Finance of the State Board of Administration pursuant to the State Bond Act to issue any bonds through the provisions of this subsection. In no case may a jurisdiction issue bonds pursuant to this subsection more frequently than once per year. Counties and municipalities may join together for the issuance of bonds authorized by this subsection.

- (f)1. Notwithstanding paragraph (d), a county that has a population of 50,000 or less on April 1, 1992, or any county designated as an area of critical state concern on the effective date of this act, and that imposed the surtax before July 1, 1992, may use the proceeds and interest of the surtax for any public purpose if:
 - a. The debt service obligations for any year are met;
- b. The county's comprehensive plan has been determined to be in compliance with part II of chapter 163; and
- c. The county has adopted an amendment to the surtax ordinance pursuant to the procedure provided in s. 125.66 authorizing additional uses of the surtax proceeds and interest.
- 2. A municipality located within a county that has a population of 50,000 or less on April 1, 1992, or within a county designated as an area of critical state concern on the effective date of this act, and that imposed the surtax before July 1, 1992, may not use the proceeds and interest of the surtax for any purpose other than an infrastructure purpose authorized in paragraph (d) unless the municipality's comprehensive plan has been determined to be in compliance with part II of chapter 163 and the municipality has adopted

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the procedure provided in s. 166.041 authorizing additional uses of the surtax proceeds and interest. Such municipality may expend the surtax proceeds and interest for any public purpose authorized in the amendment.

- 3. Those counties designated as an area of critical state concern which qualify to use the surtax for any public purpose may use only up to 10 percent of the surtax proceeds for any public purpose other than for infrastructure purposes authorized by this section.
- (g) Notwithstanding paragraph (d), a county having a population greater than 75,000 in which the taxable value of real property is less than 60 percent of the just value of real property for ad valorem tax purposes for the tax year in which an infrastructure surtax referendum is placed before the voters, and the municipalities within such a county, may use the proceeds and interest of the surtax for operation and maintenance of parks and recreation programs and facilities established with the proceeds of the surtax throughout the duration of the surtax levy or while interest earnings accruing from the proceeds of the surtax are available for such use, whichever period is longer.
- (h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a county shall not levy local option sales surtaxes authorized in this subsection and subsections (3), (4), and (5) in excess of a combined rate of 1 percent. However, a small county, as defined in paragraph (3)(a), may levy the local option sales surtax authorized in this subsection and subsection (3) for a combined rate of up to 2 percent.

 Surtaxes imposed by majority vote must be used to supplement, not supplant, existing infrastructure funding. In order to
- impose the surtax by a majority vote of the governing body,

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the county must go through the following process:

1. An advisory board must be created to make 2 3 recommendations to the board of county commissioners regarding 4 infrastructure projects to address the needs of the community. 5 The governing body of the county shall appoint members to the advisory board who represent the diversity of the community 6 7 and shall include individuals having an interest in business, economic development, the environment, transportation, municipal government, education, and public safety and growth 9 management professionals. Based on the estimated amount of the 10 surtax collections, the advisory board must conduct at least 11 two public workshops to develop a project list. Priority shall 12 be given to projects that address existing infrastructure 13 14 deficits. A quorum shall consist of a majority of the advisory board members and is necessary to take any action regarding 15 recommendations to the governing board of the local 16 government. The board of county commissioners shall provide 17 staff support to the advisory board. All advisory board 18 meetings are open to the public, and minutes of the meetings 19 20 shall be available to the public. 21 2. After the advisory board submits the project list to the board of county commissioners, it may be amended by the 22 23 board of county commissioners. A public notice must be given of the intent to add additional projects or remove projects 2.4 25 recommended by the advisory board. Actions to amend the project list may be taken at the noticed public hearing. Once 26 amended, the project list may not be approved at the same 27 28 meeting at which it was amended. Notice of the intent to adopt 29 the project list must be given and the list must be approved 30 at a subsequent public meeting that may not be held sooner

1 than 14 days after the meeting at which the list was amended.

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- 3. If the board of county commissioners does not amend the recommended project list, it may adopt the proposed project list at a public meeting following public notice of the intent to adopt the recommendations of the advisory board.
- 4. The capital improvement schedule of the local government comprehensive plan shall be updated to reflect the project list pursuant to s. 163.3177(3).
- 5. Once the project list has been adopted, the board may give notice of the intent to adopt the surtax by ordinance. The board of county commissioners shall conduct a public hearing to allow for public input on the proposed surtax. The ordinance enacting the surtax may not be adopted at the same meeting as that at which the project list is adopted.
- enacted, the project list can be amended only in the following manner. The board of county commissioners must give notice of the intent to hold a public hearing to discuss adding or removing projects from the list. The board of county commissioners must take public testimony on the proposal.

 Action may not be taken at that meeting with regards to the proposal to amend the project list. Action may be taken at a subsequent noticed public meeting that must be held at least 14 days after the meeting at which the proposed changes to the project list were discussed.
- 7. If the tax is implemented, the advisory board shall monitor the expenditure of the tax proceeds and shall hold semiannual meetings. The advisory board shall also monitor whether the county has maintained or increased the level of infrastructure expenditures over the previous 5 years.
- (j) A county may not levy this surtax by majority vote
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1	of the governing body unless it has established an urban
2	service boundary under s. 163.3177(14) and has completed the
3	visioning requirements of s. 163.3177(13). Municipalities
4	within a county that levies the surtax by a majority vote may
5	not receive surtax proceeds unless they have also completed
6	these requirements. Surtax proceeds may only be expended
7	within an urban service boundary.
8	(3) SMALL COUNTY SURTAX
9	(a) The governing authority in each county that has a
10	population of 50,000 or less on April 1, 1992, may levy a
11	discretionary sales surtax of 0.5 percent or 1 percent. The
12	levy of the surtax shall be pursuant to ordinance enacted by
13	an extraordinary vote of the members of the county governing
14	authority if the surtax revenues are expended for operating
15	purposes. If the surtax revenues are expended for the purpose
16	of servicing bond indebtedness, the surtax shall be approved
17	by a majority of the electors of the county voting in a
18	referendum on the surtax.

(b) A statement that includes a brief general description of the projects to be funded by the surtax and conforms to the requirements of s. 101.161 shall be placed on the ballot by the governing authority of any county that enacts an ordinance calling for a referendum on the levy of the surtax for the purpose of servicing bond indebtedness. The following question shall be placed on the ballot:

27FOR the-cent sales tax

28AGAINST the-cent sales tax

30 (c) Pursuant to s. 212.054(4), the proceeds of the

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the county and the municipalities within the county in which the surtax was collected, according to:

- 1. An interlocal agreement between the county governing authority and the governing bodies of the municipalities representing a majority of the county's municipal population, which agreement may include a school district with the consent of the county governing authority and the governing bodies of the municipalities representing a majority of the county's municipal population; or
- 2. If there is no interlocal agreement, according to the formula provided in s. 218.62.

2.5

Any change in the distribution formula shall take effect on the first day of any month that begins at least 60 days after written notification of that change has been made to the department.

(d)1. If the surtax is levied pursuant to a referendum, the proceeds of the surtax and any interest accrued thereto may be expended by the school district or within the county and municipalities within the county, or, in the case of a negotiated joint county agreement, within another county, for the purpose of servicing bond indebtedness to finance, plan, and construct infrastructure and to acquire land for public recreation or conservation or protection of natural resources. However, if the surtax is levied pursuant to an ordinance approved by an extraordinary vote of the members of the county governing authority, the proceeds and any interest accrued thereto may be used for operational expenses of any infrastructure or for any public purpose authorized in the ordinance under which the surtax is levied.

31 2. For the purposes of this paragraph,

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- "infrastructure" means any fixed capital expenditure or fixed 1 capital costs associated with the construction, 2 reconstruction, or improvement of public facilities that have a life expectancy of 5 or more years and any land acquisition, 4 land improvement, design, and engineering costs related thereto. 6
 - (e) A school district, county, or municipality that receives proceeds under this subsection following a referendum may pledge the proceeds for the purpose of servicing new bond indebtedness incurred pursuant to law. Local governments may use the services of the Division of Bond Finance pursuant to the State Bond Act to issue any bonds through the provisions of this subsection. A jurisdiction may not issue bonds pursuant to this subsection more frequently than once per year. A county and municipality may join together to issue bonds authorized by this subsection.
 - (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a county shall not levy local option sales surtaxes authorized in this subsection and <u>subsections</u> (2), (4), and (5) in excess of a combined rate of 1 percent.
 - (6) SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY SURTAX. --
 - (a) The school board in each county may levy, pursuant to resolution conditioned to take effect only upon approval by a majority vote of the electors of the county voting in a referendum or by majority vote of the school board, a discretionary sales surtax at a rate that may not exceed 0.5 percent.
- The resolution shall include a statement that provides a brief and general description of the school capital 29 outlay projects to be funded by the surtax. The statement
- 31 shall conform to the requirements of s. 101.161 and shall be 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

Barcode 210728 576-2245B-05 placed on the ballot by the governing body of the county. The 1 following question shall be placed on the ballot: 2 3CENTS TAXFOR THE 4 5AGAINST THECENTS TAX 6 7 (c) The resolution providing for the imposition of the surtax shall set forth a plan for use of the surtax proceeds 8 9 for fixed capital expenditures or fixed capital costs associated with the construction, reconstruction, or 10 improvement of school facilities and campuses which have a 11 12 useful life expectancy of 5 or more years, and any land acquisition, land improvement, design, and engineering costs 13 14 related thereto. Additionally, the plan shall include the 15 costs of retrofitting and providing for technology implementation, including hardware and software, for the 16 various sites within the school district. Surtax revenues may 17 be used for the purpose of servicing bond indebtedness to 18 finance projects authorized by this subsection, and any 19 20 interest accrued thereto may be held in trust to finance such 21 projects. Neither the proceeds of the surtax nor any interest accrued thereto shall be used for operational expenses. 22 23 (d) Any school board receiving proceeds from imposing the surtax shall implement a freeze on noncapital local school 24 property taxes, at the millage rate imposed in the year prior 25 to the implementation of the surtax, for a period of at least 26 3 years from the date of imposition of the surtax. This 27

(e) Surtax revenues collected by the Department of

provision shall not apply to existing debt service or required

31 Revenue pursuant to this subsection shall be distributed to 76 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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state taxes.

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1	the school board imposing the surtax in accordance with law.
2	(f) Surtaxes imposed by majority vote must be used to
3	supplement, not supplant, existing school capital outlay
4	funding. In order to impose the surtax by a majority vote of
5	the school board, the board must go through the following
6	process:
7	1. An advisory board must be created to make
8	recommendations to the school board regarding the use of the
9	surtax proceeds for fixed capital expenditures or fixed
10	capital costs associated with the construction,
11	reconstruction, or improvement of school facilities and
12	campuses that have a useful life expectancy of 5 or more years
13	and any land acquisition, land improvement, design, and
14	engineering costs related thereto. The school board shall
15	appoint members to the advisory board who represent the
16	diversity of the community and shall include individuals with
17	an interest in business, economic development, the
18	environment, municipal government, education, and public
19	safety and growth management professionals. Based on the
20	estimated amount of the surtax collections, the advisory board
21	will conduct at least two public workshops to develop a
22	project list. A quorum shall consist of a majority of the
23	advisory board members and is necessary to take any action
24	regarding recommendations to the school board. The school
25	board shall provide staff support to the advisory board. All
26	advisory board meetings are open to the public, and minutes of
27	the meetings shall be available to the public. The advisory
28	board shall submit the project list to the school board. The
29	school board must adopt or amend the project list by
30	resolution, and must submit the resolution to the board of

^{31 &}lt;u>county commissioners.</u>

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2. After the advisory board submits the project list
to the school board, it may be amended by the school board
only in the following fashion. A public notice must be given
of the intent to add additional projects or remove projects
recommended by the advisory board. Actions to amend the
project list may be taken at the noticed public hearing. Once
amended, the project list must be approved at a subsequent
meeting. Notice of the intent to adopt the project list must
be given and the project list must be approved at a subsequent
public meeting that cannot be held sooner than 14 days after
the meeting at which the list was amended.

- 3. If the school board does not amend the recommended project list, it may adopt the proposed project list at a public meeting following public notice of the intent to adopt the recommendations of the advisory board.
- 4. Once the project list has been adopted, the school board may give notice of the intent to adopt the surtax by resolution. The school board shall conduct a public hearing to allow for public input on the proposed surtax. Enacting the resolution for the surtax and adopting the project list may not be accomplished at the same meeting.
- 5. Once the resolution adopting the surtax has been enacted, the project list can be amended only in the following manner. The school board must give notice of the intent to hold a public hearing to discuss adding or removing projects from the list. The school board must take public testimony on the proposal. Action may not be taken at that meeting with regards to the proposal to amend the project list. Action may be taken at a subsequent noticed public meeting that must be held at least 14 days after the meeting at which the proposed

³¹ changes to the project list were discussed.

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- 6. If the tax is implemented, the advisory board shall monitor the expenditure of the tax proceeds and shall hold semiannual meetings. The advisory board shall also monitor whether the school board has maintained or increased the level of school capital outlay expenditures over the previous 5 years.
- (g) If the surtax is levied by a majority vote of the school board, the school board shall use due diligence and sound business practices in the design, construction, and use of educational facilities and may not exceed the maximum cost-per-student station established in s. 1013.72(2).
- Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 206.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 206.41 State taxes imposed on motor fuel.--
- (1) The following taxes are imposed on motor fuel under the circumstances described in subsection (6):
- (a) An excise or license tax of 2 cents per net gallon, which is the tax as levied by s. 16, Art. IX of the State Constitution of 1885, as amended, and continued by s. 9(c), Art. XII of the 1968 State Constitution, as amended, which is therein referred to as the "second gas tax," and which is hereby designated the "constitutional fuel tax."
- (b) An additional tax of 1 cent per net gallon, which is designated as the "county fuel tax" and which shall be used for the purposes described in s. 206.60.
- (c) An additional tax of 1 cent per net gallon, which is designated as the "municipal fuel tax" and which shall be used for the purposes described in s. 206.605.
- 29 (d)1. An additional tax of 1 cent per net gallon may 30 be imposed by each county on motor fuel, which shall be
- 31 designated as the "ninth-cent fuel tax." This tax shall be 79 $11:51 \text{ AM} \qquad 04/25/05 \qquad \qquad \text{s0360c2p-wm00-c8g}$

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1 levied and used as provided in s. 336.021.

- 2. Beginning January 1, 2006, and on January 1 of each year thereafter, the tax rate set forth in subparagraph 1.

 shall be adjusted by the percentage change in the average consumer price index issued by the United States Department of Labor for the most recent 12-month period ending September 30, compared to the base year, which is the 12-month period ending September 30, 2005, and rounded to the nearest tenth of a cent.
- 3. The department shall notify each terminal supplier, position holder, wholesaler, and importer of the tax rate applicable under this paragraph for the 12-month period beginning January 1.
- (e) $\underline{1}$. An additional tax of between 1 cent and 11 cents per net gallon may be imposed on motor fuel by each county, which shall be designated as the "local option fuel tax." This tax shall be levied and used as provided in s. 336.025.
- 2. Beginning January 1, 2006, and on January 1 of each year thereafter, the tax rate set forth in subparagraph 1. shall be adjusted by the percentage change in the average consumer price index issued by the United States Department of Labor for the most recent 12-month period ending September 30, compared to the base year, which is the 12-month period ending September 30, 2005, and rounded to the nearest tenth of a cent.
- 3. The department shall notify each terminal supplier, position holder, wholesaler, and importer of the tax rate applicable under this paragraph for the 12-month period beginning January 1.
- 30 (f)1. An additional tax designated as the State

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each net gallon of motor fuel in each county. This tax shall be levied and used as provided in s. 206.608.

- 2. The rate of the tax in each county shall be equal to two-thirds of the lesser of the sum of the taxes imposed on motor fuel pursuant to paragraphs (d) and (e) in such county or 6 cents, rounded to the nearest tenth of a cent.
- 3. Beginning January 1, 1992, and on January 1 of each year thereafter, the tax rate provided in subparagraph 2. shall be adjusted by the percentage change in the average of the Consumer Price Index issued by the United States

 Department of Labor for the most recent 12-month period ending September 30, compared to the base year average, which is the average for the 12-month period ending September 30, 1990, and rounded to the nearest tenth of a cent.
- 4. The department shall notify each terminal supplier, position holder, wholesaler, and importer of the tax rate applicable under this paragraph for the 12-month period beginning January 1.
- (g)1. An additional tax is imposed on each net gallon of motor fuel, which tax is on the privilege of selling motor fuel and which is designated the "fuel sales tax," at a rate determined pursuant to this paragraph. Before January 1 of 1997, and of each year thereafter, the department shall determine the tax rate applicable to the sale of fuel for the forthcoming 12-month period beginning January 1, rounded to the nearest tenth of a cent, by adjusting the initially established tax rate of 6.9 cents per gallon by the percentage change in the average of the Consumer Price Index issued by the United States Department of Labor for the most recent 12-month period ending September 30, compared to the base year

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1	September 30, 1989. However, the tax rate shall not be lower
2	than 6.9 cents per gallon.
3	2. The department is authorized to adopt rules and
4	adopt such forms as may be necessary for the administration of
5	this paragraph.
6	3. The department shall notify each terminal supplier,
7	position holder, wholesaler, and importer of the tax rate
8	applicable under this paragraph for the 12-month period
9	beginning January 1.
10	Section 10. Effective January 1, 2006, paragraph (a)
11	of subsection (1) of section 336.021, Florida Statutes, is
12	amended to read:
13	336.021 County transportation system; levy of
14	ninth-cent fuel tax on motor fuel and diesel fuel
15	(1)(a) Any county in the state, by $\underline{\text{majority or}}$
16	extraordinary vote of the membership of its governing body or
17	subject to a referendum, may levy the tax imposed by ss.
18	206.41(1)(d) and 206.87(1)(b). County and municipal
19	governments may use the moneys received under this paragraph
20	only for transportation expenditures as defined in s.
21	336.025(7). A county may not levy this surtax by majority vote
22	of the governing body unless it has adopted a community vision
23	under s. 163.3177(13). Municipalities within a county that
24	levies the surtax by a majority vote may not receive surtax
25	proceeds unless they have also completed this requirement.
26	Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
27	336.025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
28	336.025 County transportation system; levy of local
29	option fuel tax on motor fuel and diesel fuel
30	(1)

31 (b) In addition to other taxes allowed by law, there 82 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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may be levied as provided in s. 206.41(1)(e) a 1-cent, 2-cent, 3-cent, 4-cent, or 5-cent local option fuel tax upon every gallon of motor fuel sold in a county and taxed under the provisions of part I of chapter 206. The tax shall be levied by an ordinance adopted by a majority or majority plus one vote of the membership of the governing body of the county or by referendum.

- 1. All impositions and rate changes of the tax shall be levied before July 1, to be effective January 1 of the following year. However, levies of the tax which were in effect on July 1, 2002, and which expire on August 31 of any year may be reimposed at the current authorized rate effective September 1 of the year of expiration.
- 2. The county may, prior to levy of the tax, establish by interlocal agreement with one or more municipalities located therein, representing a majority of the population of the incorporated area within the county, a distribution formula for dividing the entire proceeds of the tax among county government and all eligible municipalities within the county. If no interlocal agreement is adopted before the effective date of the tax, tax revenues shall be distributed pursuant to the provisions of subsection (4). If no interlocal agreement exists, a new interlocal agreement may be established prior to June 1 of any year pursuant to this subparagraph. However, any interlocal agreement agreed to under this subparagraph after the initial levy of the tax or change in the tax rate authorized in this section shall under no circumstances materially or adversely affect the rights of holders of outstanding bonds which are backed by taxes authorized by this paragraph, and the amounts distributed to

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reduced below the amount necessary for the payment of principal and interest and reserves for principal and interest as required under the covenants of any bond resolution outstanding on the date of establishment of the new interlocal agreement.

- 3. County and municipal governments shall use moneys received pursuant to this paragraph for transportation expenditures needed to meet the requirements of the capital improvements element of an adopted comprehensive plan or for expenditures needed to meet immediate local transportation problems and for other transportation-related expenditures that are critical for building comprehensive roadway networks by local governments. For purposes of this paragraph, expenditures for the construction of new roads, the reconstruction or resurfacing of existing paved roads, or the paving of existing graded roads shall be deemed to increase capacity and such projects shall be included in the capital improvements element of an adopted comprehensive plan. Expenditures for purposes of this paragraph shall not include routine maintenance of roads.
- 4. A county may not levy this surtax by majority vote of the governing body unless it has adopted a community vision under s. 163.3177(13). Municipalities within a county that levies the surtax by a majority vote may not receive surtax proceeds unless they have also completed this requirement. Section 12. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 339.135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 339.135 Work program; legislative budget request; definitions; preparation, adoption, execution, and 30 amendment.--
 - (4) FUNDING AND DEVELOPING A TENTATIVE WORK PROGRAM. --11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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- (b)1. A tentative work program, including the ensuing fiscal year and the successive 4 fiscal years, shall be prepared for the State Transportation Trust Fund and other funds managed by the department, unless otherwise provided by law. The tentative work program shall be based on the district work programs and shall set forth all projects by phase to be undertaken during the ensuing fiscal year and planned for the successive 4 fiscal years. The total amount of the liabilities accruing in each fiscal year of the tentative work program may not exceed the revenues available for expenditure during the respective fiscal year based on the cash forecast for that respective fiscal year.
- 2. The tentative work program shall be developed in accordance with the Florida Transportation Plan required in s. 339.155 and must comply with the program funding levels contained in the program and resource plan.
- 3. The department may include in the tentative work program proposed changes to the programs contained in the previous work program adopted pursuant to subsection (5); however, the department shall minimize changes and adjustments that affect the scheduling of project phases in the 4 common fiscal years contained in the previous adopted work program and the tentative work program. The department, in the development of the tentative work program, shall advance by 1 fiscal year all projects included in the second year of the previous year's adopted work program, unless the secretary specifically determines that it is necessary, for specific reasons, to reschedule or delete one or more projects from that year. Such changes and adjustments shall be clearly identified, and the effect on the 4 common fiscal years

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1	tentative work program shall be shown. It is the intent of
2	the Legislature that the first 5 years of the adopted work
3	program for facilities designated as part of the Florida
4	Intrastate Highway System and the first 3 years of the adopted
5	work program stand as the commitment of the state to undertake
6	transportation projects that local governments may rely on for
7	planning and concurrency purposes and in the development and
8	amendment of the capital improvements elements of their local
9	government comprehensive plans.
10	4. The tentative work program must include a balanced
11	36-month forecast of cash and expenditures and a 5-year
12	finance plan supporting the tentative work program.
13	Section 13. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and
14	Government Accountability shall perform a study on adjustments
15	to the boundaries of Florida Regional Planning Councils,
16	Florida Water Management Districts, and Department of
17	Transportation Districts. The purpose of this study is to
18	organize these regional boundaries to be more coterminous with
19	one another, creating a more unified system of regional
20	boundaries. This study must be completed by December 31, 2005,
21	and submitted to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of
22	the House of Representatives, and the Governor by January 15,
23	2006.
24	Section 14. Section 163.3247, Florida Statutes, is
25	created to read:
26	163.3247 Century Commission
27	(1) POPULAR NAMEThis section may be cited as the
28	"Century Commission Act."
29	(2) FINDINGS AND INTENTThe Legislature finds and
30	declares that the population of this state is expected to more
31	than double over the next 100 years, with commensurate impacts

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1	to the state's natural resources and public infrastructure.
2	Consequently, it is in the best interests of the people of the
3	state to ensure sound planning for the proper placement of
4	this growth and protection of the state's land, water, and
5	other natural resources since such resources are essential to
6	our collective quality of life and a strong economy. The
7	state's growth management system should foster economic
8	stability through regional solutions and strategies, urban
9	renewal and infill, and the continued viability of
10	agricultural economies, while allowing for rural economic
11	development and protecting the unique characteristics of rural
12	areas, and should reduce the complexity of the regulatory
13	process while carrying out the intent of the laws and
14	encouraging greater citizen participation.
15	(3) CENTURY COMMISSION; CREATION; ORGANIZATION The
16	Century Commission is created as a standing body to help the
17	citizens of this state envision and plan their collective
18	future with an eye towards both 25-year and 50-year horizons.
19	(a) The 21-member commission shall be appointed by the
20	Governor. Four members shall be members of the Legislature who
21	shall be appointed with the advice and consultation of the
22	President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
23	Representatives. The Secretary of Community Affairs, the
24	Commissioner of Agriculture, the Secretary of Transportation,
25	the Secretary of Environmental Protection, and the Executive
26	Director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, or
27	their designees, shall also serve as voting members. The other
28	12 appointments shall reflect the diversity of this state's
29	citizens, and must include individuals representing each of
30	the following interests: growth management, business and

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1	municipal governments, county governments, regional planning
2	entities, education, public safety, planning professionals,
3	transportation planners, and urban infill and redevelopment.
4	One member shall be designated by the Governor as chair of the
5	commission. Any vacancy that occurs on the commission must be
6	filled in the same manner as the original appointment and
7	shall be for the unexpired term of that commission seat.
8	Members shall serve 4-year terms.
9	(b) The first meeting of the commission shall be held
10	no later than December 1, 2005, and shall meet at the call of
11	the chair but not less frequently than three times per year in
12	different regions of the state to solicit input from the
13	public or any other individuals offering testimony relevant to
14	the issues to be considered.
15	(c) Each member of the commission is entitled to one
16	vote and action of the commission is not binding unless taken
17	by a three-fifths vote of the members present. A majority of
18	the members is required to constitute a quorum, and the
19	affirmative vote of a quorum is required for a binding vote.
20	(d) Members of the commission shall serve without
21	compensation but shall be entitled to receive per diem and
22	travel expenses in accordance with s. 112.061 while in
23	performance of their duties.
24	(4) POWERS AND DUTIES The commission shall:
25	(a) Annually conduct a process through which the
26	commission envisions the future for the state, and then
27	develops and recommends policies, plans, action steps, or
28	strategies to assist in achieving the vision.
29	(b) Continuously review and consider statutory and
30	regulatory provisions, governmental processes, and societal

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1	local governments and entities and citizens of this state can
2	best accommodate projected increased populations while
3	maintaining the natural, historical, cultural, and manmade
4	life qualities that best represent the state.
5	(c) Bring together people representing varied
6	interests to develop a shared image of the state and its
7	developed and natural areas. The process should involve
8	exploring the impact of the estimated population increase and
9	other emerging trends and issues; creating a vision for the
10	future; and developing a strategic action plan to achieve that
11	vision using 25-year and 50-year intermediate planning
12	timeframes.
13	(d) Focus on essential state interests, defined as
14	those interests that transcend local or regional boundaries
15	and are most appropriately conserved, protected, and promoted
16	at the state level.
17	(e) Serve as an objective, nonpartisan repository of
18	exemplary community-building ideas and as a source to
19	recommend strategies and practices to assist others in working
20	collaboratively to solve problems concerning issues relating
21	to growth management.
22	(f) Annually, beginning January 15, 2007, and every
23	year thereafter on the same date, provide to the Governor, the
24	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
25	Representatives a written report containing specific
26	recommendations for addressing growth management in the state,
27	including executive and legislative recommendations. This
28	report shall be verbally presented to a joint session of both
29	houses annually as scheduled by the President of the Senate
30	and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

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1	Legislature, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the
2	House of Representatives shall create a joint select
3	committee, the task of which shall be to review the findings
4	and recommendations of the Century Commission for potential
5	action.
6	(5) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR; STAFF AND OTHER ASSISTANCE
7	(a) The Secretary of Community Affairs shall select an
8	executive director of the commission, and the executive
9	director shall serve at the pleasure of the secretary under
10	the supervision and control of the commission.
11	(b) The Department of Community Affairs shall provide
12	staff and other resources necessary to accomplish the goals of
13	the commission based upon recommendations of the Governor.
14	(c) All agencies under the control of the Governor are
15	directed, and all other agencies are requested, to render
16	assistance to, and cooperate with, the commission.
17	Section 15. Section 339.2819, Florida Statutes, is
18	created to read:
19	339.2819 Transportation Regional Incentive Program
20	(1) There is created within the Department of
21	Transportation a Transportation Regional Incentive Program for
22	the purpose of providing funds to improve regionally
23	significant transportation facilities in regional
24	transportation areas created pursuant to s. 339.155(5).
25	(2) The percentage of matching funds provided from the
26	Transportation Regional Incentive Program shall be 50 percent
27	of project costs, or up to 50 percent of the nonfederal share
28	of the eligible project cost for a public transportation
29	facility project.
30	(3) The department shall allocate funding available

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1	districts based on a factor derived from equal parts of
2	population and motor fuel collections for eligible counties in
3	regional transportation areas created pursuant to s.
4	<u>339.155(5).</u>
5	(4)(a) Projects to be funded with Transportation
6	Regional Incentive Program funds shall, at a minimum:
7	1. Support those transportation facilities that serve
8	national, statewide, or regional functions and function as an
9	integrated regional transportation system.
10	2. Be identified in the capital improvements element
11	of a comprehensive plan that has been determined to be in
12	compliance with part II of chapter 163, after July 1, 2005, or
13	to implement a long-term concurrency management system adopted
14	by a local government in accordance with s. 163.3177(9).
15	Further, the project shall be in compliance with local
16	government comprehensive plan policies relative to corridor
17	management.
18	3. Be consistent with the Strategic Intermodal System
19	Plan developed under s. 339.64.
20	4. Have a commitment for local, regional, or private
21	financial matching funds as a percentage of the overall
22	project cost.
23	(b) In allocating Transportation Regional Incentive
24	Program funds, priority shall be given to projects that:
25	1. Provide connectivity to the Strategic Intermodal
26	System developed under s. 339.64.
27	2. Support economic development and the movement of
28	goods in rural areas of critical economic concern designated
29	<u>under s. 288.0656(7).</u>
30	3. Are subject to a local ordinance that establishes

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1	strategies, right-of-way acquisition and protection measures,
2	appropriate land use strategies, zoning, and setback
3	requirements for adjacent land uses.
4	4. Improve connectivity between military installations
5	and the Strategic Highway Network or the Strategic Rail
6	Corridor Network.
7	Section 16. Section 337.107, Florida Statutes, is
8	amended to read:
9	337.107 Contracts for right-of-way servicesThe
10	department may enter into contracts pursuant to s. 287.055 for
11	right-of-way services on transportation corridors and
12	transportation facilities, or the department may include
13	right-of-way services as part of design-build contracts
14	awarded under s. 337.11. Right-of-way services include
15	negotiation and acquisition services, appraisal services,
16	demolition and removal of improvements, and asbestos-abatement
17	services.
18	Section 17. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section
19	337.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
20	337.11 Contracting authority of department; bids;
21	emergency repairs, supplemental agreements, and change orders;
22	combined design and construction contracts; progress payments;
23	records; requirements of vehicle registration
24	(7)(a) If the head of the department determines that
25	it is in the best interests of the public, the department may
26	combine the design and construction phases of any a building,
27	a major bridge, a limited access facility, or a rail corridor
28	project into a single contract, except for a resurfacing or
29	minor bridge project, the design and construction phases of
30	which may be combined under s. 337.025. Such contract is

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1	may be advertised and awarded notwithstanding the requirements
2	of paragraph (3)(c). However, construction activities may not
3	begin on any portion of such projects for which the department
4	has not yet obtained until title to the necessary
5	rights-of-way and easements for the construction of that
6	portion of the project has vested in the state or a local
7	governmental entity and all railroad crossing and utility
8	agreements have been executed. Title to rights-of-way shall be
9	deemed to have vested vests in the state when the title has
10	been dedicated to the public or acquired by prescription.
11	Section 18. Effective July 1, 2007, section 337.107,
12	Florida Statutes, as amended by this act is amended to read:
13	337.107 Contracts for right-of-way servicesThe
14	department may enter into contracts pursuant to s. 287.055 for
15	right-of-way services on transportation corridors and
16	transportation facilities, or the department may include
17	right-of-way services as part of design-build contracts
18	awarded under s. 337.11. Right-of-way services include
19	negotiation and acquisition services, appraisal services,
20	demolition and removal of improvements, and asbestos-abatement
21	services.
22	Section 19. Effective July 1, 2007, paragraph (a) of
23	subsection (7) of section 337.11, Florida Statutes, as amended
24	by this act, is amended to read:
25	337.11 Contracting authority of department; bids;
26	emergency repairs, supplemental agreements, and change orders;
27	combined design and construction contracts; progress payments;
28	records; requirements of vehicle registration
29	(7)(a) If the head of the department determines that
30	it is in the best interests of the public, the department may
31	combine the design and construction phases of <u>a building</u> , <u>a</u> 93

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1	major bridge, a limited access facility, or a rail corridor
2	any project into a single contract, except for a resurfacing
3	or minor bridge project, the design and construction phase of
4	which may be combined under s. 337.025. Such contract is
5	referred to as a design-build contract. Design-build contracts
6	may be advertised and awarded notwithstanding the requirements
7	of paragraph (3)(c). However, construction activities may not
8	begin on any portion of such projects until for which the
9	department has not yet obtained title to the necessary
10	rights-of-way and easements for the construction of that
11	portion of the project has vested in the state or a local
12	governmental entity and all railroad crossing and utility
13	agreements have been executed. Title to rights-of-way vests
14	shall be deemed to have vested in the state when the title has
15	been dedicated to the public or acquired by prescription.
16	Section 20. Paragraphs (1) and (m) are added to
17	subsection (24) of section 380.06, Florida Statutes, to read:
18	380.06 Developments of regional impact
19	(24) STATUTORY EXEMPTIONS
20	(1) Any proposed development within an urban service
21	boundary established under s. 163.3177(14) is exempt from the
22	provisions of this section if the local government having
23	jurisdiction over the area where the development is proposed
24	has adopted the urban service boundary and has entered into a
25	binding agreement with adjacent jurisdictions and the
26	Department of Transportation regarding the mitigation of
27	impacts on state and regional transportation facilities, and
28	has adopted a proportionate share methodology pursuant to s.

(m) Any proposed development within a rural land

29 163.3180(16).

³¹ stewardship area created under s. 163.3177(11)(d) is exempt

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1	from the provisions of this section if the local government
2	that has adopted the rural land stewardship area has entered
3	into a binding agreement with jurisdictions that would be
4	impacted and the Department of Transportation regarding the
5	mitigation of impacts on state and regional transportation
6	facilities, and has adopted a proportionate share methodology
7	pursuant to s. 163.3180(16).
8	Section 21. Subsections (3), (7), and (8) of section
9	1013.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
10	1013.33 Coordination of planning with local governing
11	bodies
12	(3) At a minimum, the interlocal agreement must
13	address interlocal-agreement requirements in s.
14	163.3180(13)(g), except for exempt local governments as
15	provided in s. 163.3177(12), and must address the following
16	issues:
17	(a) A process by which each local government and the
18	district school board agree and base their plans on consistent
19	projections of the amount, type, and distribution of
20	population growth and student enrollment. The geographic
21	distribution of jurisdiction-wide growth forecasts is a major
22	objective of the process.
23	(b) A process to coordinate and share information
24	relating to existing and planned public school facilities,
25	including school renovations and closures, and local
26	government plans for development and redevelopment.
27	(c) Participation by affected local governments with
28	the district school board in the process of evaluating
29	potential school closures, significant renovations to existing
30	schools, and new school site selection before land
31	acquisition. Local governments shall advise the district 95

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- school board as to the consistency of the proposed closure, renovation, or new site with the local comprehensive plan, including appropriate circumstances and criteria under which a district school board may request an amendment to the comprehensive plan for school siting.
- (d) A process for determining the need for and timing of onsite and offsite improvements to support new construction, proposed expansion, or redevelopment of existing schools. The process shall address identification of the party or parties responsible for the improvements.
- (e) A process for the school board to inform the local government regarding the effect of comprehensive plan amendments on school capacity. The capacity reporting must be consistent with laws and rules regarding measurement of school facility capacity and must also identify how the district school board will meet the public school demand based on the facilities work program adopted pursuant to s. 1013.35.
- (f) Participation of the local governments in the preparation of the annual update to the school board's 5-year district facilities work program and educational plant survey prepared pursuant to s. 1013.35.
- (g) A process for determining where and how joint use of either school board or local government facilities can be shared for mutual benefit and efficiency.
- (h) A procedure for the resolution of disputes between the district school board and local governments, which may include the dispute resolution processes contained in chapters 164 and 186.
- 29 (i) An oversight process, including an opportunity for 30 public participation, for the implementation of the interlocal

³¹ agreement.

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A signatory to the interlocal agreement may elect not to include a provision meeting the requirements of paragraph (e); however, such a decision may be made only after a public hearing on such election, which may include the public hearing in which a district school board or a local government adopts the interlocal agreement. An interlocal agreement entered into pursuant to this section must be consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan and land development regulations of any local government that is a signatory.

- (7) Except as provided in subsection (8), municipalities meeting the exemption criteria in s.

 163.3177(12) having no established need for a new facility and meeting the following criteria are exempt from the requirements of subsections (2), (3), and (4).÷
- (a) The municipality has no public schools located within its boundaries.
- (b) The district school board's 5-year facilities work program and the long-term 10-year and 20-year work programs, as provided in s. 1013.35, demonstrate that no new school facility is needed in the municipality. In addition, the district school board must verify in writing that no new school facility will be needed in the municipality within the 5-year and 10-year timeframes.
- (8) At the time of the evaluation and appraisal report, each exempt municipality shall assess the extent to which it continues to meet the criteria for exemption under <u>s</u>.

 163.3177(12) subsection (7). If the municipality continues to meet these criteria and the district school board verifies in writing that no new school facilities will be needed within

31 the 5-year and 10-year timeframes, the municipality shall 97
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1	continue to be exempt from the interlocal-agreement
2	requirement. Each municipality exempt under $\underline{s. 163.3177(12)}$
3	subsection (7) must comply with the provisions of subsections
4	(2)-(8) within 1 year after the district school board
5	proposes, in its 5-year district facilities work program, a
6	new school within the municipality's jurisdiction.
7	Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 206.46, Florida
8	Statutes, is amended to read:
9	206.46 State Transportation Trust Fund
10	(2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, from
11	the revenues deposited into the State Transportation Trust
12	Fund a maximum of 7 percent in each fiscal year shall be
13	transferred into the Right-of-Way Acquisition and Bridge
14	Construction Trust Fund created in s. 215.605, as needed to
15	meet the requirements of the documents authorizing the bonds
16	issued or proposed to be issued under ss. 215.605 and 337.276
17	or at a minimum amount sufficient to pay for the debt service
18	coverage requirements of outstanding bonds. Notwithstanding
19	the 7 percent annual transfer authorized in this subsection,
20	the annual amount transferred under this subsection shall not
21	exceed an amount necessary to provide the required debt
22	service coverage levels for a maximum debt service not to
23	exceed\$275\$200 million. Such transfer shall be payable
24	primarily from the motor and diesel fuel taxes transferred to
25	the State Transportation Trust Fund from the Fuel Tax
26	Collection Trust Fund.
27	Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 339.08, Florida
28	Statutes, is amended to read:
29	339.08 Use of moneys in State Transportation Trust
30	Fund

31 (1) The department shall expend moneys in the State 98 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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Transportation Trust Fund accruing to the department, in accordance with its annual budget. The use of such moneys shall be restricted to the following purposes:

- (a) To pay administrative expenses of the department, including administrative expenses incurred by the several state transportation districts, but excluding administrative expenses of commuter rail authorities that do not operate rail service.
- (b) To pay the cost of construction of the State Highway System.
- (c) To pay the cost of maintaining the State Highway System.
- To pay the cost of public transportation projects (d) in accordance with chapter 341 and ss. 332.003-332.007.
- (e) To reimburse counties or municipalities for expenditures made on projects in the State Highway System as authorized by s. 339.12(4) upon legislative approval.
- (f) To pay the cost of economic development transportation projects in accordance with s. 288.063.
- (g) To lend or pay a portion of the operating, maintenance, and capital costs of a revenue-producing transportation project that is located on the State Highway System or that is demonstrated to relieve traffic congestion on the State Highway System.
- (h) To match any federal-aid funds allocated for any other transportation purpose, including funds allocated to projects not located in the State Highway System.
- (i) To pay the cost of county road projects selected in accordance with the Small County Road Assistance Program 30 created in s. 339.2816.
- 31 (j) To pay the cost of county or municipal road 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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1	projects selected in accordance with the County Incentive
2	Grant Program created in s. 339.2817 and the Small County
3	Outreach Program created in s. 339.2818.
4	(k) To provide loans and credit enhancements for use
5	in constructing and improving highway transportation
6	facilities selected in accordance with the state-funded
7	infrastructure bank created in s. 339.55.
8	(1) To pay the cost of projects on the Florida
9	Strategic Intermodal System created in s. 339.61.
10	(m) To pay the cost of transportation projects
11	selected in accordance with the Transportation Regional
12	Incentive Program created in s. 339.2819.
13	$\frac{(n)}{(m)}$ To pay other lawful expenditures of the
14	department.
15	Section 24. Paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) are added to
16	subsection (5) of section 339.155, Florida Statutes, to read:
17	339.155 Transportation planning
18	(5) ADDITIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLANS
19	(c) Regional transportation plans may be developed in
20	regional transportation areas in accordance with an interlocal
21	agreement entered into pursuant to s. 163.01 by two or more
22	contiguous metropolitan planning organizations; one or more
23	metropolitan planning organizations and one or more contiguous
24	counties, none of which is a member of a metropolitan planning
25	organization; a multicounty regional transportation authority
26	created by or pursuant to law; two or more contiguous counties
27	that are not members of a metropolitan planning organization;
28	or metropolitan planning organizations comprised of three or
29	more counties.
30	(d) The interlocal agreement must, at a minimum,
31	identify the entity that will coordinate the development of

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1	the regional transportation plan; delineate the boundaries of
2	the regional transportation area; provide the duration of the
3	agreement and specify how the agreement may be terminated,
4	modified, or rescinded; describe the process by which the
5	regional transportation plan will be developed; and provide
6	how members of the entity will resolve disagreements regarding
7	interpretation of the interlocal agreement or disputes
8	relating to the development or content of the regional
9	transportation plan. Such interlocal agreement shall become
10	effective upon its recordation in the official public records
11	of each county in the regional transportation area.
12	(e) The regional transportation plan developed
13	pursuant to this section must, at a minimum, identify
14	regionally significant transportation facilities located
15	within a regional transportation area and contain a
16	prioritized list of regionally significant projects. The
17	level-of-service standards for facilities to be funded under
18	this subsection shall be adopted by the appropriate local
19	government in accordance with s. 163.3180(10). The projects
20	shall be adopted into the capital improvements schedule of the
21	local government comprehensive plan pursuant to s.
22	<u>163.3177(3).</u>
23	Section 25. Section 339.175, Florida Statutes, is
24	amended to read:
25	339.175 Metropolitan planning organizationIt is the
26	intent of the Legislature to encourage and promote the safe
27	and efficient management, operation, and development of
28	surface transportation systems that will serve the mobility
29	needs of people and freight within and through urbanized areas
30	of this state while minimizing transportation-related fuel
31	consumption and air pollution. To accomplish these objectives,
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metropolitan planning organizations, referred to in this section as M.P.O.'s, shall develop, in cooperation with the state and public transit operators, transportation plans and programs for metropolitan areas. The plans and programs for each metropolitan area must provide for the development and integrated management and operation of transportation systems and facilities, including pedestrian walkways and bicycle transportation facilities that will function as an intermodal transportation system for the metropolitan area, based upon the prevailing principles provided in s. 334.046(1). The process for developing such plans and programs shall provide for consideration of all modes of transportation and shall be continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive, to the degree appropriate, based on the complexity of the transportation problems to be addressed. To ensure that the process is integrated with the statewide planning process, M.P.O.'s shall develop plans and programs that identify transportation facilities that should function as an integrated metropolitan transportation system, giving emphasis to facilities that serve important national, state, and regional transportation functions. For the purposes of this section, those facilities include the facilities on the Strategic Intermodal System designated under s. 339.63 and facilities for which projects have been identified pursuant to s. 339.2819(4).

(1) DESIGNATION. --

(a)1. An M.P.O. shall be designated for each urbanized area of the state; however, this does not require that an individual M.P.O. be designated for each such area. Such designation shall be accomplished by agreement between the Governor and units of general-purpose local government

31 representing at least 75 percent of the population of the 102

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- urbanized area; however, the unit of general-purpose local government that represents the central city or cities within the M.P.O. jurisdiction, as defined by the United States Bureau of the Census, must be a party to such agreement.
- 2. More than one M.P.O. may be designated within an existing metropolitan planning area only if the Governor and the existing M.P.O. determine that the size and complexity of the existing metropolitan planning area makes the designation of more than one M.P.O. for the area appropriate.
- (b) Each M.P.O. shall be created and operated under the provisions of this section pursuant to an interlocal agreement entered into pursuant to s. 163.01. The signatories to the interlocal agreement shall be the department and the governmental entities designated by the Governor for membership on the M.P.O. If there is a conflict between this section and s. 163.01, this section prevails.
- (c) The jurisdictional boundaries of an M.P.O. shall be determined by agreement between the Governor and the applicable M.P.O. The boundaries must include at least the metropolitan planning area, which is the existing urbanized area and the contiguous area expected to become urbanized within a 20-year forecast period, and may encompass the entire metropolitan statistical area or the consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- (d) In the case of an urbanized area designated as a nonattainment area for ozone or carbon monoxide under the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 7401 et seq., the boundaries of the metropolitan planning area in existence as of the date of enactment of this paragraph shall be retained, except that the boundaries may be adjusted by agreement of the Governor and
- 31 affected metropolitan planning organizations in the manner $$103$\,$

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described in this section. If more than one M.P.O. has 1

authority within a metropolitan area or an area that is 2

3 designated as a nonattainment area, each M.P.O. shall consult

with other M.P.O.'s designated for such area and with the 4

5 state in the coordination of plans and programs required by

this section. 6

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Each M.P.O. required under this section must be fully operative no later than 6 months following its designation.

(2) VOTING MEMBERSHIP.--

(a) The voting membership of an M.P.O. shall consist of not fewer than 5 or more than 19 apportioned members, the exact number to be determined on an equitable geographic-population ratio basis by the Governor, based on an agreement among the affected units of general-purpose local government as required by federal rules and regulations. The Governor, in accordance with 23 U.S.C. s. 134, may also provide for M.P.O. members who represent municipalities to alternate with representatives from other municipalities within the metropolitan planning area that do not have members on the M.P.O. County commission members shall compose not less than one-third of the M.P.O. membership, except for an M.P.O. with more than 15 members located in a county with a five-member county commission or an M.P.O. with 19 members located in a county with no more than 6 county commissioners,

one-third percent of the M.P.O. membership, but all county

in which case county commission members may compose less than

commissioners must be members. All voting members shall be 28

elected officials of general-purpose governments, except that 29

30 an M.P.O. may include, as part of its apportioned voting

31 members, a member of a statutorily authorized planning board, 104

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an official of an agency that operates or administers a major mode of transportation, or an official of the Florida Space Authority. The county commission shall compose not less than 20 percent of the M.P.O. membership if an official of an agency that operates or administers a major mode of transportation has been appointed to an M.P.O.

- (b) In metropolitan areas in which authorities or other agencies have been or may be created by law to perform transportation functions and are performing transportation functions that are not under the jurisdiction of a general purpose local government represented on the M.P.O., they shall be provided voting membership on the M.P.O. In all other M.P.O.'s where transportation authorities or agencies are to be represented by elected officials from general purpose local governments, the M.P.O. shall establish a process by which the collective interests of such authorities or other agencies are expressed and conveyed.
- (c) Any other provision of this section to the contrary notwithstanding, a chartered county with over 1 million population may elect to reapportion the membership of an M.P.O. whose jurisdiction is wholly within the county. The charter county may exercise the provisions of this paragraph if:
- 1. The M.P.O. approves the reapportionment plan by a three-fourths vote of its membership;
- 2. The M.P.O. and the charter county determine that the reapportionment plan is needed to fulfill specific goals and policies applicable to that metropolitan planning area; and
- 30 3. The charter county determines the reapportionment
- 31 plan otherwise complies with all federal requirements 105 11:51 AM

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pertaining to M.P.O. membership.

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Any charter county that elects to exercise the provisions of this paragraph shall notify the Governor in writing.

- (d) Any other provision of this section to the contrary notwithstanding, any county chartered under s. 6(e), Art. VIII of the State Constitution may elect to have its county commission serve as the M.P.O., if the M.P.O. jurisdiction is wholly contained within the county. Any charter county that elects to exercise the provisions of this paragraph shall so notify the Governor in writing. Upon receipt of such notification, the Governor must designate the county commission as the M.P.O. The Governor must appoint four additional voting members to the M.P.O., one of whom must be an elected official representing a municipality within the county, one of whom must be an expressway authority member, one of whom must be a person who does not hold elected public office and who resides in the unincorporated portion of the county, and one of whom must be a school board member.
 - (3) APPORTIONMENT.--
- (a) The Governor shall, with the agreement of the affected units of general-purpose local government as required by federal rules and regulations, apportion the membership on the applicable M.P.O. among the various governmental entities within the area and shall prescribe a method for appointing alternate members who may vote at any M.P.O. meeting that an alternate member attends in place of a regular member. An appointed alternate member must be an elected official serving the same governmental entity or a general-purpose local government with jurisdiction within all or part of the area
- 31 that the regular member serves. The governmental entity so $$106\$

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designated shall appoint the appropriate number of members to the M.P.O. from eligible officials. Representatives of the department shall serve as nonvoting members of the M.P.O. Nonvoting advisers may be appointed by the M.P.O. as deemed necessary. The Governor shall review the composition of the M.P.O. membership in conjunction with the decennial census as prepared by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, and reapportion it as necessary to comply with subsection (2).

- (b) Except for members who represent municipalities on the basis of alternating with representatives from other municipalities that do not have members on the M.P.O. as provided in paragraph (2)(a), the members of an M.P.O. shall serve 4-year terms. Members who represent municipalities on the basis of alternating with representatives from other municipalities that do not have members on the M.P.O. as provided in paragraph (2)(a) may serve terms of up to 4 years as further provided in the interlocal agreement described in paragraph (1)(b). The membership of a member who is a public official automatically terminates upon the member's leaving his or her elective or appointive office for any reason, or may be terminated by a majority vote of the total membership of a county or city governing entity represented by the member. A vacancy shall be filled by the original appointing entity. A member may be reappointed for one or more additional 4-year terms.
- (c) If a governmental entity fails to fill an assigned appointment to an M.P.O. within 60 days after notification by the Governor of its duty to appoint, that appointment shall be made by the Governor from the eligible representatives of that

31 governmental entity.

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- (4) AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY.—The authority and responsibility of an M.P.O. is to manage a continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive transportation planning process that, based upon the prevailing principles provided in s. 334.046(1), results in the development of plans and programs which are consistent, to the maximum extent feasible, with the approved local government comprehensive plans of the units of local government the boundaries of which are within the metropolitan area of the M.P.O. An M.P.O. shall be the forum for cooperative decisionmaking by officials of the affected governmental entities in the development of the plans and programs required by subsections (5), (6), (7), and (8).
- (5) POWERS, DUTIES, AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—The powers, privileges, and authority of an M.P.O. are those specified in this section or incorporated in an interlocal agreement authorized under s. 163.01. Each M.P.O. shall perform all acts required by federal or state laws or rules, now and subsequently applicable, which are necessary to qualify for federal aid. It is the intent of this section that each M.P.O. shall be involved in the planning and programming of transportation facilities, including, but not limited to, airports, intercity and high-speed rail lines, seaports, and intermodal facilities, to the extent permitted by state or federal law.
- (a) Each M.P.O. shall, in cooperation with the department, develop:
- 1. A long-range transportation plan pursuant to the requirements of subsection (6);
- 29 2. An annually updated transportation improvement 30 program pursuant to the requirements of subsection (7); and
- 31 3. An annual unified planning work program pursuant to \$108\$ 11:51 AM 04/25/05 \$0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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the requirements of subsection (8).

- (b) In developing the long-range transportation plan and the transportation improvement program required under paragraph (a), each M.P.O. shall provide for consideration of projects and strategies that will:
- Support the economic vitality of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency;
- 2. Increase the safety and security of the transportation system for motorized and nonmotorized users;
- 3. Increase the accessibility and mobility options available to people and for freight;
 - 4. Protect and enhance the environment, promote energy conservation, and improve quality of life;
 - 5. Enhance the integration and connectivity of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight;
 - 6. Promote efficient system management and operation; and
 - 7. Emphasize the preservation of the existing transportation system.
 - (c) In order to provide recommendations to the department and local governmental entities regarding transportation plans and programs, each M.P.O. shall:
 - 1. Prepare a congestion management system for the metropolitan area and cooperate with the department in the development of all other transportation management systems required by state or federal law;
- 29 2. Assist the department in mapping transportation planning boundaries required by state or federal law;
- 31 3. Assist the department in performing its duties 109 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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relating to access management, functional classification of roads, and data collection;

- 4. Execute all agreements or certifications necessary to comply with applicable state or federal law;
- 5. Represent all the jurisdictional areas within the metropolitan area in the formulation of transportation plans and programs required by this section; and
- 6. Perform all other duties required by state or federal law.
- (d) Each M.P.O. shall appoint a technical advisory committee that includes planners; engineers; representatives of local aviation authorities, port authorities, and public transit authorities or representatives of aviation departments, seaport departments, and public transit departments of municipal or county governments, as applicable; the school superintendent of each county within the jurisdiction of the M.P.O. or the superintendent's designee; and other appropriate representatives of affected local governments. In addition to any other duties assigned to it by the M.P.O. or by state or federal law, the technical advisory committee is responsible for considering safe access to schools in its review of transportation project priorities, long-range transportation plans, and transportation improvement programs, and shall advise the M.P.O. on such matters. In addition, the technical advisory committee shall coordinate its actions with local school boards and other local programs and organizations within the metropolitan area which participate in school safety activities, such as locally established community traffic safety teams. Local school boards must provide the appropriate M.P.O. with information

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transportation service.

- (e)1. Each M.P.O. shall appoint a citizens' advisory committee, the members of which serve at the pleasure of the M.P.O. The membership on the citizens' advisory committee must reflect a broad cross section of local residents with an interest in the development of an efficient, safe, and cost-effective transportation system. Minorities, the elderly, and the handicapped must be adequately represented.
- 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph 1., an M.P.O. may, with the approval of the department and the applicable federal governmental agency, adopt an alternative program or mechanism to ensure citizen involvement in the transportation planning process.
- (f) The department shall allocate to each M.P.O., for the purpose of accomplishing its transportation planning and programming duties, an appropriate amount of federal transportation planning funds.
- (g) Each M.P.O. may employ personnel or may enter into contracts with local or state agencies, private planning firms, or private engineering firms to accomplish its transportation planning and programming duties required by state or federal law.
- (h) A chair's coordinating committee is created, composed of the M.P.O.'s serving Hernando, Hillsborough, Manatee, Pasco, Pinellas, Polk, and Sarasota Counties. The committee must, at a minimum:
- 1. Coordinate transportation projects deemed to be regionally significant by the committee.
- 29 2. Review the impact of regionally significant land 30 use decisions on the region.
- 31 3. Review all proposed regionally significant 11:51 AM 04/25/05 111 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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transportation projects in the respective transportation improvement programs which affect more than one of the M.P.O.'s represented on the committee.

- 4. Institute a conflict resolution process to address any conflict that may arise in the planning and programming of such regionally significant projects.
- (i)1. The Legislature finds that the state's rapid growth in recent decades has caused many urbanized areas subject to M.P.O. jurisdiction to become contiguous to each other. As a result, various transportation projects may cross from the jurisdiction of one M.P.O. into the jurisdiction of another M.P.O. To more fully accomplish the purposes for which M.P.O.'s have been mandated, M.P.O.'s shall develop coordination mechanisms with one another to expand and improve transportation within the state. The appropriate method of coordination between M.P.O.'s shall vary depending upon the project involved and given local and regional needs. Consequently, it is appropriate to set forth a flexible methodology that can be used by M.P.O.'s to coordinate with other M.P.O.'s and appropriate political subdivisions as circumstances demand.
- 2. Any M.P.O. may join with any other M.P.O. or any individual political subdivision to coordinate activities or to achieve any federal or state transportation planning or development goals or purposes consistent with federal or state law. When an M.P.O. determines that it is appropriate to join with another M.P.O. or any political subdivision to coordinate activities, the M.P.O. or political subdivision shall enter into an interlocal agreement pursuant to s. 163.01, which, at a minimum, creates a separate legal or administrative entity
- 31 to coordinate the transportation planning or development 112

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activities required to achieve the goal or purpose; provide the purpose for which the entity is created; provide the duration of the agreement and the entity, and specify how the agreement may be terminated, modified, or rescinded; describe the precise organization of the entity, including who has voting rights on the governing board, whether alternative voting members are provided for, how voting members are appointed, and what the relative voting strength is for each constituent M.P.O. or political subdivision; provide the manner in which the parties to the agreement will provide for the financial support of the entity and payment of costs and expenses of the entity; provide the manner in which funds may be paid to and disbursed from the entity; and provide how members of the entity will resolve disagreements regarding interpretation of the interlocal agreement or disputes relating to the operation of the entity. Such interlocal agreement shall become effective upon its recordation in the official public records of each county in which a member of the entity created by the interlocal agreement has a voting member. This paragraph does not require any M.P.O.'s to merge, combine, or otherwise join together as a single M.P.O.

develop a long-range transportation plan that addresses at least a 20-year planning horizon. The plan must include both long-range and short-range strategies and must comply with all other state and federal requirements. The prevailing principles to be considered in the long-range transportation plan are: preserving the existing transportation infrastructure; enhancing Florida's economic competitiveness; and improving travel choices to ensure mobility. The

31 long-range transportation plan must be consistent, to the \$\$113\$\$11:51 AM 04/25/05\$\$s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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- maximum extent feasible, with future land use elements and the 1 goals, objectives, and policies of the approved local 2 3 government comprehensive plans of the units of local government located within the jurisdiction of the M.P.O. The 4 5 approved long-range transportation plan must be considered by local governments in the development of the transportation 6 7 elements in local government comprehensive plans and any amendments thereto. The long-range transportation plan must, 9 at a minimum:
 - (a) Identify transportation facilities, including, but not limited to, major roadways, airports, seaports, spaceports, commuter rail systems, transit systems, and intermodal or multimodal terminals that will function as an integrated metropolitan transportation system. The long-range transportation plan must give emphasis to those transportation facilities that serve national, statewide, or regional functions, and must consider the goals and objectives identified in the Florida Transportation Plan as provided in s. 339.155. If a project is located within the boundaries of more than one M.P.O., the M.P.O.'s must coordinate plans regarding the project in the long-range transportation plan.
 - (b) Include a financial plan that demonstrates how the plan can be implemented, indicating resources from public and private sources which are reasonably expected to be available to carry out the plan, and recommends any additional financing strategies for needed projects and programs. The financial plan may include, for illustrative purposes, additional projects that would be included in the adopted long-range transportation plan if reasonable additional resources beyond those identified in the financial plan were available. For the

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- M.P.O. and the department shall cooperatively develop
 estimates of funds that will be available to support the plan
 implementation. Innovative financing techniques may be used to
 fund needed projects and programs. Such techniques may
 include the assessment of tolls, the use of value capture
 financing, or the use of value pricing.
 - (c) Assess capital investment and other measures
 necessary to:
 - 1. Ensure the preservation of the existing metropolitan transportation system including requirements for the operation, resurfacing, restoration, and rehabilitation of major roadways and requirements for the operation, maintenance, modernization, and rehabilitation of public transportation facilities; and
 - 2. Make the most efficient use of existing transportation facilities to relieve vehicular congestion and maximize the mobility of people and goods.
 - (d) Indicate, as appropriate, proposed transportation enhancement activities, including, but not limited to, pedestrian and bicycle facilities, scenic easements, landscaping, historic preservation, mitigation of water pollution due to highway runoff, and control of outdoor advertising.
 - (e) In addition to the requirements of paragraphs
 (a)-(d), in metropolitan areas that are classified as
 nonattainment areas for ozone or carbon monoxide, the M.P.O.
 must coordinate the development of the long-range
 transportation plan with the State Implementation Plan
 developed pursuant to the requirements of the federal Clean
 Air Act.

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In the development of its long-range transportation plan, each 1 M.P.O. must provide the public, affected public agencies, 2 3 representatives of transportation agency employees, freight shippers, providers of freight transportation services, 4 5 private providers of transportation, representatives of users of public transit, and other interested parties with a 7 reasonable opportunity to comment on the long-range transportation plan. The long-range transportation plan must 8 9 be approved by the M.P.O.

- (7) TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM. -- Each M.P.O. shall, in cooperation with the state and affected public transportation operators, develop a transportation improvement program for the area within the jurisdiction of the M.P.O. In the development of the transportation improvement program, each M.P.O. must provide the public, affected public agencies, representatives of transportation agency employees, freight shippers, providers of freight transportation services, private providers of transportation, representatives of users of public transit, and other interested parties with a reasonable opportunity to comment on the proposed transportation improvement program.
- (a) Each M.P.O. is responsible for developing, annually, a list of project priorities and a transportation improvement program. The prevailing principles to be considered by each M.P.O. when developing a list of project priorities and a transportation improvement program are: preserving the existing transportation infrastructure; enhancing Florida's economic competitiveness; and improving travel choices to ensure mobility. The transportation improvement program will be used to initiate federally aided
- 31 transportation facilities and improvements as well as other 116

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transportation facilities and improvements including transit, 1 rail, aviation, spaceport, and port facilities to be funded 2 from the State Transportation Trust Fund within its metropolitan area in accordance with existing and subsequent 4 5 federal and state laws and rules and regulations related thereto. The transportation improvement program shall be 6 7 consistent, to the maximum extent feasible, with the approved local government comprehensive plans of the units of local 8 9 government whose boundaries are within the metropolitan area

of the M.P.O. and include those projects programmed pursuant

11 to s. 339.2819(4).

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- (b) Each M.P.O. annually shall prepare a list of project priorities and shall submit the list to the appropriate district of the department by October 1 of each year; however, the department and a metropolitan planning organization may, in writing, agree to vary this submittal date. The list of project priorities must be formally reviewed by the technical and citizens' advisory committees, and approved by the M.P.O., before it is transmitted to the district. The approved list of project priorities must be used by the district in developing the district work program and must be used by the M.P.O. in developing its transportation improvement program. The annual list of project priorities must be based upon project selection criteria that, at a minimum, consider the following:
 - 1. The approved M.P.O. long-range transportation plan;
- 27 2. The Strategic Intermodal System Plan developed under s. 339.64.
- 29 3. The priorities developed pursuant to s. 339.2819(4).
- 31 $\underline{4.3.}$ The results of the transportation management 117 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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systems; and

- 5.4. The M.P.O.'s public-involvement procedures.
- (c) The transportation improvement program must, at a \min
- 1. Include projects and project phases to be funded with state or federal funds within the time period of the transportation improvement program and which are recommended for advancement during the next fiscal year and 4 subsequent fiscal years. Such projects and project phases must be consistent, to the maximum extent feasible, with the approved local government comprehensive plans of the units of local government located within the jurisdiction of the M.P.O. For informational purposes, the transportation improvement program shall also include a list of projects to be funded from local or private revenues.
- 2. Include projects within the metropolitan area which are proposed for funding under 23 U.S.C. s. 134 of the Federal Transit Act and which are consistent with the long-range transportation plan developed under subsection (6).
- 3. Provide a financial plan that demonstrates how the transportation improvement program can be implemented; indicates the resources, both public and private, that are reasonably expected to be available to accomplish the program; identifies any innovative financing techniques that may be used to fund needed projects and programs; and may include, for illustrative purposes, additional projects that would be included in the approved transportation improvement program if reasonable additional resources beyond those identified in the financial plan were available. Innovative financing techniques may include the assessment of tolls, the use of value capture

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improvement program may include a project or project phase only if full funding can reasonably be anticipated to be available for the project or project phase within the time period contemplated for completion of the project or project phase.

- 4. Group projects and project phases of similar urgency and anticipated staging into appropriate staging periods.
- 5. Indicate how the transportation improvement program relates to the long-range transportation plan developed under subsection (6), including providing examples of specific projects or project phases that further the goals and policies of the long-range transportation plan.
- 6. Indicate whether any project or project phase is inconsistent with an approved comprehensive plan of a unit of local government located within the jurisdiction of the M.P.O. If a project is inconsistent with an affected comprehensive plan, the M.P.O. must provide justification for including the project in the transportation improvement program.
- 7. Indicate how the improvements are consistent, to the maximum extent feasible, with affected seaport, airport, and spaceport master plans and with public transit development plans of the units of local government located within the jurisdiction of the M.P.O. If a project is located within the boundaries of more than one M.P.O., the M.P.O.'s must coordinate plans regarding the project in the transportation improvement program.
- (d) Projects included in the transportation improvement program and that have advanced to the design stage of preliminary engineering may be removed from or rescheduled
- 31 in a subsequent transportation improvement program only by the 119 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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- joint action of the M.P.O. and the department. Except when recommended in writing by the district secretary for good cause, any project removed from or rescheduled in a subsequent transportation improvement program shall not be rescheduled by the M.P.O. in that subsequent program earlier than the 5th year of such program.
- (e) During the development of the transportation improvement program, the M.P.O. shall, in cooperation with the department and any affected public transit operation, provide citizens, affected public agencies, representatives of transportation agency employees, freight shippers, providers of freight transportation services, private providers of transportation, representatives of users of public transit, and other interested parties with reasonable notice of and an opportunity to comment on the proposed program.
- program for M.P.O.'s in nonattainment or maintenance areas must be submitted to the district secretary and the Department of Community Affairs at least 90 days before the submission of the state transportation improvement program by the department to the appropriate federal agencies. The annual transportation improvement program for M.P.O.'s in attainment areas must be submitted to the district secretary and the Department of Community Affairs at least 45 days before the department submits the state transportation improvement program to the appropriate federal agencies; however, the department, the Department of Community Affairs, and a metropolitan planning organization may, in writing, agree to vary this submittal date. The Governor or the Governor's designee shall review and approve each transportation improvement program and any
- 31 amendments thereto.

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- (q) The Department of Community Affairs shall review the annual transportation improvement program of each M.P.O. for consistency with the approved local government comprehensive plans of the units of local government whose boundaries are within the metropolitan area of each M.P.O. and shall identify those projects that are inconsistent with such comprehensive plans. The Department of Community Affairs shall notify an M.P.O. of any transportation projects contained in its transportation improvement program which are inconsistent with the approved local government comprehensive plans of the units of local government whose boundaries are within the metropolitan area of the M.P.O.
- (h) The M.P.O. shall annually publish or otherwise make available for public review the annual listing of projects for which federal funds have been obligated in the preceding year. Project monitoring systems must be maintained by those agencies responsible for obligating federal funds and made accessible to the M.P.O.'s.
- (8) UNIFIED PLANNING WORK PROGRAM. -- Each M.P.O. shall develop, in cooperation with the department and public transportation providers, a unified planning work program that lists all planning tasks to be undertaken during the program year. The unified planning work program must provide a complete description of each planning task and an estimated budget therefor and must comply with applicable state and federal law.
 - (9) AGREEMENTS.--
- (a) Each M.P.O. shall execute the following written agreements, which shall be reviewed, and updated as necessary, 30 every 5 years:
- 1. An agreement with the department clearly 31 121 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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establishing the cooperative relationship essential to accomplish the transportation planning requirements of state and federal law.

- 2. An agreement with the metropolitan and regional intergovernmental coordination and review agencies serving the metropolitan areas, specifying the means by which activities will be coordinated and how transportation planning and programming will be part of the comprehensive planned development of the area.
- 3. An agreement with operators of public transportation systems, including transit systems, commuter rail systems, airports, seaports, and spaceports, describing the means by which activities will be coordinated and specifying how public transit, commuter rail, aviation, seaport, and aerospace planning and programming will be part of the comprehensive planned development of the metropolitan area.
- (b) An M.P.O. may execute other agreements required by state or federal law or as necessary to properly accomplish its functions.
- (10) METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION ADVISORY COUNCIL. --
- (a) A Metropolitan Planning Organization Advisory Council is created to augment, and not supplant, the role of the individual M.P.O.'s in the cooperative transportation planning process described in this section.
- 27 (b) The council shall consist of one representative 28 from each M.P.O. and shall elect a chairperson annually from its number. Each M.P.O. shall also elect an alternate 29 representative from each M.P.O. to vote in the absence of the
- 31 representative. Members of the council do not receive any 122

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compensation for their services, but may be reimbursed from funds made available to council members for travel and per diem expenses incurred in the performance of their council duties as provided in s. 112.061.

- (c) The powers and duties of the Metropolitan Planning Organization Advisory Council are to:
- 1. Enter into contracts with individuals, private corporations, and public agencies.
- 2. Acquire, own, operate, maintain, sell, or lease personal property essential for the conduct of business.
- 3. Accept funds, grants, assistance, gifts, or bequests from private, local, state, or federal sources.
- 4. Establish bylaws and adopt rules pursuant to ss. 13 14 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement provisions of law 15 conferring powers or duties upon it.
 - 5. Assist M.P.O.'s in carrying out the urbanized area transportation planning process by serving as the principal forum for collective policy discussion pursuant to law.
 - 6. Serve as a clearinghouse for review and comment by M.P.O.'s on the Florida Transportation Plan and on other issues required to comply with federal or state law in carrying out the urbanized area transportation and systematic planning processes instituted pursuant to s. 339.155.
 - 7. Employ an executive director and such other staff as necessary to perform adequately the functions of the council, within budgetary limitations. The executive director and staff are exempt from part II of chapter 110 and serve at the direction and control of the council. The council is assigned to the Office of the Secretary of the Department of Transportation for fiscal and accountability purposes, but it
- 31 shall otherwise function independently of the control and 123

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direction of the department.

- 8. Adopt an agency strategic plan that provides the priority directions the agency will take to carry out its mission within the context of the state comprehensive plan and any other statutory mandates and directions given to the agency.
- (11) APPLICATION OF FEDERAL LAW. -- Upon notification by an agency of the Federal Government that any provision of this section conflicts with federal laws or regulations, such federal laws or regulations will take precedence to the extent of the conflict until such conflict is resolved. The department or an M.P.O. may take any necessary action to comply with such federal laws and regulations or to continue to remain eligible to receive federal funds.
- Section 26. Section 339.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 339.55 State-funded infrastructure bank.--
- (1) There is created within the Department of Transportation a state-funded infrastructure bank for the purpose of providing loans and credit enhancements to government units and private entities for use in constructing and improving transportation facilities.
- (2) The bank may lend capital costs or provide credit enhancements for:
- (a) A transportation facility project that is on the State Highway System or that provides for increased mobility 26 on the state's transportation system or provides intermodal connectivity with airports, seaports, rail facilities, and other transportation terminals, pursuant to s. 341.053, for 30 the movement of people and goods.
- (b) Projects of the Transportation Regional Incentive 31 124 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

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1	Program which are identified pursuant to s. 339.2819(4).
2	(3) Loans from the bank may be subordinated to senior
3	project debt that has an investment grade rating of "BBB" or
4	higher.
5	(4)(3) Loans from the bank may bear interest at or
6	below market interest rates, as determined by the department.
7	Repayment of any loan from the bank shall commence not later
8	than 5 years after the project has been completed or, in the
9	case of a highway project, the facility has opened to traffic
10	whichever is later, and shall be repaid in no more than 30
11	years.
12	(5)(4) Except as provided in s. 339.137, To be
13	eligible for consideration, projects must be consistent, to
14	the maximum extent feasible, with local metropolitan planning
15	organization plans and local government comprehensive plans
16	and must provide a dedicated repayment source to ensure the
17	loan is repaid to the bank.
18	(6) Funding awarded for projects under paragraph
19	(2)(b) must be matched by a minimum of 25 percent from funds
20	other than the state-funded infrastructure bank loan.
21	(7)(5) The department may consider, but is not limited
22	to, the following criteria for evaluation of projects for
23	assistance from the bank:
24	(a) The credit worthiness of the project.
25	(b) A demonstration that the project will encourage,
26	enhance, or create economic benefits.
27	(c) The likelihood that assistance would enable the
28	project to proceed at an earlier date than would otherwise be

(d) The extent to which assistance would foster

31 innovative public-private partnerships and attract private 125 11:51 AM 04/25/05 s0360c2p-wm00-c8g

29 possible.

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1	debt or equity investment.
2	(e) The extent to which the project would use new
3	technologies, including intelligent transportation systems,
4	that would enhance the efficient operation of the project.
5	(f) The extent to which the project would maintain or
6	protect the environment.
7	(g) A demonstration that the project includes
8	transportation benefits for improving intermodalism, cargo and
9	freight movement, and safety.
10	(h) The amount of the proposed assistance as a
11	percentage of the overall project costs with emphasis on local
12	and private participation.
13	(i) The extent to which the project will provide for
14	connectivity between the State Highway System and airports,
15	seaports, rail facilities, and other transportation terminals
16	and intermodal options pursuant to s. 341.053 for the
17	increased accessibility and movement of people and goods.
18	(8)(6) Loan assistance provided by the bank shall be
19	included in the department's work program developed in
20	accordance with s. 339.135.
21	(9)(7) The department is authorized to adopt rules to
22	implement the state-funded infrastructure bank.
23	Section 27. Subsection (7) is added to section
24	1013.64, Florida Statutes, to read:
25	1013.64 Funds for comprehensive educational plant
26	needs; construction cost maximums for school district capital
27	projectsAllocations from the Public Education Capital
28	Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund to the various boards for

31 Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund pursuant to s. 201.15(1)(d)

(7) Moneys distributed to the Public Education Capital

29 capital outlay projects shall be determined as follows:

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1	shall be expended to fund the Classrooms for Kids Program
2	created in s. 1013.735 and shall be distributed as provided by
3	that section.
4	Section 28. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
5	1013.65, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
6	1013.65 Educational and ancillary plant construction
7	funds; Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust
8	Fund; allocation of funds
9	(2)(a) The Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt
10	Service Trust Fund shall be comprised of the following
11	sources, which are hereby appropriated to the trust fund:
12	1. Proceeds, premiums, and accrued interest from the
13	sale of public education bonds and that portion of the
14	revenues accruing from the gross receipts tax as provided by
15	s. 9(a)(2), Art. XII of the State Constitution, as amended,
16	interest on investments, and federal interest subsidies.
17	2. General revenue funds appropriated to the fund for
18	educational capital outlay purposes.
19	3. All capital outlay funds previously appropriated
20	and certified forward pursuant to s. 216.301.
21	4. Funds paid pursuant to s. 201.15(1)(d). Such funds
22	shall be appropriated annually for expenditure to fund the
23	Classrooms for Kids Program created in s. 1013.735 and shall
24	be distributed as provided by that section.
25	Section 29. Subsection (1) of section 201.15, Florida
26	Statutes, is amended to read:
27	201.15 Distribution of taxes collectedAll taxes
28	collected under this chapter shall be distributed as follows
29	and shall be subject to the service charge imposed in s.
30	215.20(1), except that such service charge shall not be levied
31	against any portion of taxes pledged to debt service on bonds

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to the extent that the amount of the service charge is required to pay any amounts relating to the bonds:

- (1) Sixty-two and sixty-three hundredths percent of the remaining taxes collected under this chapter shall be used for the following purposes:
- (a) Amounts as shall be necessary to pay the debt service on, or fund debt service reserve funds, rebate obligations, or other amounts payable with respect to Preservation 2000 bonds issued pursuant to s. 375.051 and Florida Forever bonds issued pursuant to s. 215.618, shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the Land Acquisition Trust Fund to be used for such purposes. The amount transferred to the Land Acquisition Trust Fund for such purposes shall not exceed \$300 million in fiscal year 1999-2000 and thereafter for Preservation 2000 bonds and bonds issued to refund Preservation 2000 bonds, and \$300 million in fiscal year 2000-2001 and thereafter for Florida Forever bonds. The annual amount transferred to the Land Acquisition Trust Fund for Florida Forever bonds shall not exceed \$30 million in the first fiscal year in which bonds are issued. The limitation on the amount transferred shall be increased by an additional \$30 million in each subsequent fiscal year, but shall not exceed a total of \$300 million in any fiscal year for all bonds issued. It is the intent of the Legislature that all bonds issued to fund the Florida Forever Act be retired by December 31, 2030. Except for bonds issued to refund 26 previously issued bonds, no series of bonds may be issued pursuant to this paragraph unless such bonds are approved and the debt service for the remainder of the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued is specifically appropriated in the
- 31 General Appropriations Act. For purposes of refunding 128

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Preservation 2000 bonds, amounts designated within this section for Preservation 2000 and Florida Forever bonds may be transferred between the two programs to the extent provided for in the documents authorizing the issuance of the bonds. The Preservation 2000 bonds and Florida Forever bonds shall be equally and ratably secured by moneys distributable to the Land Acquisition Trust Fund pursuant to this section, except to the extent specifically provided otherwise by the documents authorizing the issuance of the bonds. No moneys transferred to the Land Acquisition Trust Fund pursuant to this paragraph, or earnings thereon, shall be used or made available to pay debt service on the Save Our Coast revenue bonds.

- (b) The remainder of the moneys distributed under this subsection, after the required payment under paragraph (a), shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the Save Our Everglades Trust Fund in amounts necessary to pay debt service, provide reserves, and pay rebate obligations and other amounts due with respect to bonds issued under s. 215.619.
- subsection, after the required payments under paragraphs (a) and (b), shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the Land Acquisition Trust Fund and may be used for any purpose for which funds deposited in the Land Acquisition Trust Fund may lawfully be used. Payments made under this paragraph shall continue until the cumulative amount credited to the Land Acquisition Trust Fund for the fiscal year under this paragraph and paragraph (2)(b) equals 70 percent of the current official forecast for distributions of taxes collected under this chapter pursuant to subsection (2). As used in this

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1	recent forecast as determined by the Revenue Estimating
2	Conference. If the current official forecast for a fiscal year
3	changes after payments under this paragraph have ended during
4	that fiscal year, no further payments are required under this
5	paragraph during the fiscal year.
6	(d) The remainder of the moneys distributed under this
7	subsection, after the required payments under paragraphs (a),
8	(b), and (c), shall be paid into the State Treasury to the
9	<pre>credit of:</pre>
10	1. The State Transportation Trust Fund in the
11	Department of Transportation in the amount of \$575 million in
12	each fiscal year, to be paid in quarterly installments and
13	used for the following specified purposes notwithstanding any
14	other law to the contrary:
15	a. For the purposes of capital funding for the New
16	Starts Transit Program specified in s. 341.051, 10 percent of
17	these funds;
18	b. For the purposes of the Small County Outreach
19	Program specified in s. 339.2818, 5 percent of these funds;
20	c. For the purposes of the Strategic Intermodal System
21	specified in ss. 339.61, 339.62, 339.63, and 339.64, 75
22	percent of these funds after allocating for the New Starts
23	Transit Program described in sub-subparagraph a. and the Small
24	County Outreach Program described in sub-subparagraph b.; and
25	d. For the purposes of the Transportation Regional
26	Incentive Program specified in s. 339.2819, 25 percent of
27	these funds after allocating for the New Starts Transit
28	Program described in sub-subparagraph a. and the Small County
29	Outreach Program described in sub-subparagraph b.
30	2. The Water Protection and Sustainability Program

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1	the amount of \$100 million in each fiscal year, to be paid in
2	quarterly installments and used as required by s. 403.890.
3	3. The Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt
4	Service Trust Fund in the Department of Education in the
5	amount of \$75 million in each fiscal year, to be paid in
6	monthly installments and used to fund the Classrooms for Kids
7	Program created in s. 1013.735.
8	
9	Moneys distributed pursuant to this paragraph may not be
10	pledged for debt service unless such pledge is approved by
11	referendum of the voters.
12	(e)(d) The remainder of the moneys distributed under
13	this subsection, after the required payments under paragraphs
14	(a), (b), and (c), shall be paid into the State Treasury to
15	the credit of the General Revenue Fund of the state to be used
16	and expended for the purposes for which the General Revenue
17	Fund was created and exists by law or to the Ecosystem
18	Management and Restoration Trust Fund or to the Marine
19	Resources Conservation Trust Fund as provided in subsection
20	(11).
21	Section 30. (1) The following appropriations are made
22	for the 2005-2006 fiscal year only from the General Revenue
23	Fund, from revenues deposited into the fund pursuant to
24	section 201.15(1)(e), Florida Statutes, on a nonrecurring
25	basis and in quarterly installments:
26	(a) To the State Transportation Trust Fund in the
27	Department of Transportation, \$575 million.
28	(b) To the Water Protection and Sustainability Program
29	Trust Fund in the Department of Environmental Protection, \$100
30	million.

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1	Service Trust Fund in the Department of Education, \$73.75
2	million.
3	(d) To the Grants and Donations Trust Fund in the
4	Department of Community Affairs, \$1.25 million.
5	(2) The following appropriations are made for the
6	2005-2006 fiscal year only on a nonrecurring basis:
7	(a) From the State Transportation Trust Fund in the
8	Department of Transportation:
9	1. Four hundred million dollars for the purposes
10	specified in sections 339.61, 339.62, 339.63, and 339.64,
11	Florida Statutes.
12	2. Seventy-five million dollars for the purposes
13	specified in section 339.2819, Florida Statutes.
14	3. One hundred million dollars for the purposes
15	specified in section 339.55, Florida Statutes.
16	(b) From the Water Protection and Sustainability
17	Program Trust Fund in the Department of Environmental
18	Protection, \$100 million for the purposes specified in section
19	403.890, Florida Statutes.
20	(c) From the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt
21	Service Trust Fund in the Department of Education, the sum of
22	\$73.75 million for the purpose of funding the Classrooms for
23	Kids Program created in section 1013.735, Florida Statutes.
24	Notwithstanding the requirements of sections 1013.64 and
25	1013.65, Florida Statutes, these moneys may not be distributed
26	as part of the comprehensive plan for the Public Education
27	Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund.
28	(d) From the Grants and Donations Trust Fund in the
29	Department of Community Affairs:
30	1. One million dollars to provide technical assistance
31	to local governments and school boards on the requirements and

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1	implementation of this act. The department shall provide a
2	report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the
3	Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 1, 2006,
4	on the progress made toward implementing this act and a
5	recommendation on whether additional funds should be
6	appropriated to provide additional technical assistance.
7	2. Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars to support
8	the Century Commission, created by section 163.3247, Florida
9	Statutes.
10	Section 31. Except as otherwise expressly provided in
11	this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2005.
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